

# Argonne National Laboratory

SPECIAL-PURPOSE LANGUAGE  
FOR LEAST-SQUARES FITS

by

Marian Gabriel

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Marian Gabriel

Applied Mathematics Division

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## TABLE OF CONTENTS

|   | <u>Page</u> |
|---|-------------|
| I. INTRODUCTION.....  | 5           |
| II. FORM OF THE LANGUAGE.....   | 5           |
| III. INFORMATION SUPPLIED BY THE USER .....                               | 6           |
| IV. PROGRAMMING THE PROCESSOR .....                                       | 7           |
| V. ORGANIZATION OF THE PROGRAM.....                                       | 7           |
| VI. RESULTS .....   | 8           |
| <br>APPENDIXES  |             |
| A. Description of the Input .....   | 9           |
| B. Notes on the FORTRAN Language.....                                     | 20          |
| C. Programming Notes and Flow Charts .....                                | 23          |
| D. Data Sets Used .....   | 48          |
| E. Sections from the Report on the Chemical Equation<br>Translator .....  | 50          |
| F. Source Listings for All Codes and Cataloged Procedure<br>Listings..... | 52          |
| ACKNOWLEDGMENTS .....   | 79          |
| REFERENCES .....  | 79          |

## LIST OF FIGURES

| <u>No.</u> | <u>Title</u>  | <u>Page</u> |
|------------|---|-------------|
| 1.         | Flow Chart 1, for CLASS.....  | 29          |
| 2.         | Flow Chart 2, for STORE .....   | 33          |
| 3.         | Flow Chart 3, for BUBBLE .....  | 34          |
| 4.         | Flow Chart 4, List-generating Logic: The EQUIVALENCE Statement.....           | 35          |
| 5.         | Flow Chart 5, Constructing the READ Statement .....                           | 36          |
| 6.         | Flow Chart 6, Counting Points in FCN\$ When a Data Format Was Specified ..... | 39          |
| 7.         | Flow Chart 7, Generating the Inner Loop in FCN\$.....                         | 40          |
| 8.         | Flow Chart 8, for MKFMT.....  | 44          |
| 9.         | Flow Chart for ORDSP .....  | 51          |

## LIST OF TABLES

| <u>No.</u> | <u>Title</u>                            | <u>Page</u> |
|------------|---|-------------|
| I.         | Functions Commonly Used in FORTRAN..... | 22          |

## SPECIAL-PURPOSE LANGUAGE FOR LEAST-SQUARES FITS

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### I. INTRODUCTION

This report describes a problem-oriented language developed to deal with the following situation in the Digital Computing Center at Argonne: many of the routine problems coded by the Computing Center require least-squares fits to data. That is, a scientific user has several sets of data that obey an algebraic equation depending on various parameters and relating one variable to the others and to the parameters. He wants to know which values of the parameters give the best fit in the least-squares sense to his data. When such a problem arises, a programmer writes the necessary code to adapt one of several general least-squares fitting procedures to the user's problem. The difficulty arises when the user does not know exactly what function to use. He may originally ask to have his data fitted, for instance, to  $y = ae^{cx_1} + be^{x_2}$ , where  $x_1$ ,  $x_2$ , and  $y$  are observed and  $a$ ,  $b$ , and  $c$  are the fitting parameters. After seeing the results, he may decide that  $y = ae^{cx_1} + be^{x_2} + dx_1$  would be better. Still later, he may want to try several other forms.

When this project was begun, each time the user wanted a change, he had to return to the programmer who made the original adaptation. The programmer would then change the code appropriately. This system was unsuitable to everyone: to the programmer, because the work is a complex, tedious, largely clerical, uninteresting task; and to the user, because programming was slow, impeding his research, and expensive. What was needed was a simple way of specifying the function so that even a user who had hardly seen a computer could do it himself; in other words, a special-purpose language was needed. This report describes such a language for doing least-squares fits to data.

### II. FORM OF THE LANGUAGE

The first problem in defining such a language was to choose a fitting procedure with which it would work. The one chosen was Davidon's method<sup>1</sup> for minimizing a function of several variables. This method was chosen partly because it is the most comprehensive of the fitting procedures commonly used at Argonne, and partly because, as presently organized and coded, the problems of adapting it to be used as a least-squares fitting processor are the most inconvenient.

The Davidon procedure finds a minimum of a given function of several variables. For a least-squares fit, the function to be minimized is the sum of the squared residuals,

$$F = \sum_{i=1}^n w_i (f_{\text{obs}_i} - f_{\text{calc}_i})^2,$$

where  $n$  = the number of data points,  $f_{\text{obs}_i}$  = the dependent variable at the  $i$ th observed point,  $f_{\text{calc}_i}$  = the value of the function to be fitted at the  $i$ th point (e.g., if the fitting form is  $y = ax + b$ , where  $a$  and  $b$  are parameters,  $x$  the independent variable, and the  $i$ th observed point is  $(x_i, f_{\text{obs}_i})$ , then  $f_{\text{calc}_i} = ax_i + b$ ), and  $w_i$  = the weight of the  $i$ th data point, often given by  $1/(\text{error})^2$ .<sup>2</sup> The Davidon program as currently used requires, at least, FORTRAN statements to evaluate the function  $F$  and its first partial derivatives with respect to each of the fitting parameters. Statements to read the data and print the final results are also required.

The first partial derivatives are given by the formula

$$\frac{\partial F}{\partial p} = \sum_{i=1}^n 2w_i (f_{\text{obs}_i} - f_{\text{calc}_i}) \left( -\frac{\partial f_{\text{calc}_i}}{\partial p} \right),$$

where  $p$  is a parameter. In the formulas for the function and its derivatives, as in the reading and printing, many parts remain fixed from problem to problem. Once  $f_{\text{calc}}$  and  $\partial f_{\text{calc}}/\partial p$  are defined, the same FORTRAN statements can be used to calculate  $F$  and  $\partial F/\partial p$ , no matter what  $f_{\text{calc}}$  and  $\partial f_{\text{calc}}/\partial p$  are. Therefore the language was organized as a set of inserts into a fixed, precoded section of FORTRAN program. The entire section of program could then be executed easily with the current version of the Davidon procedure. (In practice, however, some of this version was rewritten to simplify the input.)

### III. INFORMATION SUPPLIED BY THE USER

Once the form is chosen, it becomes possible to decide what information the user must supply to process a particular problem. To specify a function to be fitted, the user identifies all his symbols as names of parameters, independent variables, or the dependent variable. He gives the order in which numbers appear in his data points and the formula for his function. In the present version, he must specify the partial derivative of his function with respect to each parameter. A more sophisticated user may insert additional FORTRAN statements at six points in the precoded skeleton. To run a case once the function is defined, the user must give estimates for each parameter along with data points, consisting of values for the dependent and independent variables and possibly weights or errors for

each point. The processor then generates a valid FORTRAN code from the function definition and converts the parameter guesses and other data into acceptable input for the generated FORTRAN program.

#### IV. PROGRAMMING THE PROCESSOR

It was assumed throughout the programming task that people's time is always more valuable than machine time. Thus, although some care was taken to avoid gross inefficiencies, no special care was taken to make either the processor or the FORTRAN code generated maximally efficient. The 3-7 min required to generate the FORTRAN code, compile it, and execute the Davidon procedure costs much less than even 2 days of a programmer's time.

The processor is divided into three sections: a translator, which generates the required FORTRAN code; a data processor, which rearranges all the numerical data into valid input to FORTRAN programs; and the Davidon procedure.

PL/I was chosen as a programming language for the translator and data processor because it is an extremely convenient language for doing the kind of analysis required to interpret the user's definitions and to generate the proper FORTRAN code.

Because the Davidon procedure was written in FORTRAN, this language was used for the last step.

#### V. ORGANIZATION OF THE PROGRAM

The translator reads all the cards defining the function, identifies the purpose of each card or group of cards, marks each card image, and rearranges the marked card images into the order in which they are needed by the program-generating section of the translator. It then combines the precoded sections of the required FORTRAN code with statements derived from the function definition to produce the finished code. Finally, the translator passes the parameter guesses and data, together with information about the handling of the data, to the data processor.

The data processor arranges the parameter guesses in an order and format acceptable as input for FORTRAN programs and provides estimates of their standard deviations, if no such estimates were given. If the user wanted special reading techniques, the unaltered card images containing the data are passed to the Davidon procedure. Otherwise, the data points are counted and arranged in a standard form before the information is transmitted. The Davidon procedure is then called directly by the data processor.

(Appendices A and B contain a more detailed description of the input.  
Appendices C-F contain detailed descriptions of the programming.)

To make the code easier to use and harder to alter, it is kept on a direct-access storage device, such as a disk. Two catalogued procedures are provided for easy access to the processor.

## VI. RESULTS

The processor has been in limited use for several months. It has saved programmer time and effort, but it is not yet entirely satisfactory for the following reason: Most users want graphs and extra calculations in addition to values of the fitting parameters and other standard information. Since these features must be incorporated by using FORTRAN-coded inserts, a programmer is still needed. Writing the inserts is much easier than writing the FORTRAN to solve the entire fitting problem, but the average user cannot do it himself.

The language can be extended to eliminate some of these problems. A statement can be included to specify plotting, for example. And plans are being made to include a derivative taker which will analyze the user's function and produce correct FORTRAN statements for calculating the partial derivatives of that function with respect to each fitting parameter.

## APPENDIX A

### Description of the Input

#### 1. General Principles

Input is on cards or card images.

Unless explicit instructions to the contrary are given, input may appear anywhere on a card.

The equal sign (=) is used as a key word. Thus it should not be used except where specifically required.

Names should not begin with the letters I, J, K, L, M, or N or end with the dollar sign (\$).

The word END, appearing in columns 1-3, indicates the end of a section of data or of a case.

#### 2. Minimal Input

##### a. Function Definition

The translator uses the following cards to generate a FORTRAN subroutine FCN\$:

1) A title identifying the function. This title must be the first card and is printed every time the program is run.

The following cards may be in any order, but all must appear:

2) The symbol PARAMETERS=, followed by a list of parameter names, each having at most six characters. The names must be separated by commas. The list may occupy more than one card, but no name should appear more than once in the list.

3) The symbol IV=, followed by a list of the names of the independent variables. These names may have at most six characters each and must be separated by commas. The list may appear on more than one card, but no name should appear more than once in the list.

4) The symbol DV=, followed by the name of the dependent variable.

5) The symbol DATA=, followed by a list of independent and dependent variable names in the order in which they appear in the data to be fitted. If weights are given, the word WEIGHT appears in the list. If error estimates are given, the word ERROR appears in the list.

6) The formula for the dependent variable. If DVNAME represents the name of the dependent variable, this appears as DVNAME= any valid FORTRAN formula. It may occupy more than one card; but if it does, no continuation marks of any kind should appear. The formula may contain the names of the independent variables and parameters. If a formula for the partial derivative of this function with respect to a parameter named PNAME appeared before this formula in the input, DPNAME, denoting this derivative, may also be used. (See Appendix B for further notes on FORTRAN.)

7) For each parameter, the partial derivative of the function with respect to that parameter. If PNAME is the name of the parameter, this derivative appears as DPNAME= any valid FORTRAN formula, which may contain names of parameters and independent variables. The DVNAME and the DPNAME's may also be used if the appropriate formulas have already been given. The formula may occupy more than one card, but each derivative should start on a new card.

8) An end-of-section card, containing the word END in columns 1-3 and blanks in all other columns. This card must follow the function-definition cards.

b. Data for Cases

1) The first card must be a title card to identify the case. It is printed with the output for each case.

2) For the first case, an estimated value and possibly a standard deviation for each parameter. For cases following the first, only those values that differ from the first case must appear. Each parameter estimate must appear on one card.

One of the following forms is used:

- a) If no standard deviation is specified:

PNAME=value

In this case, a standard deviation of 0.1 of the value is assumed.

- b) PNAME=value; standard deviation

- c) PNAME=value; CONSTANT

In this case, the value is held constant for the duration of the case.

3) After the estimates for the parameters have been given, an END card (with END appearing in columns 1-3) must appear.

4) The observed data to be fitted then follow. For each point, numbers must be in the order given in the statement DATA=, (as specified in 2.a.5) above. Each number must be separated from other numbers by at least one blank and may not contain embedded blanks.

5) Two END cards must follow the last data card. If more cases are desired, more sets of cards (starting with the case title in this section) are included.

c. Job Control Cards Needed (to run on System 360 50-75 under ASP).

1) To compile the FORTRAN subroutine FCN\$ and run one or more cases, the following job control cards are needed:

```
/*SETUP DDNAME=PRGG,DEVICE=2314,ID=ODDJOB
// EXEC VMMCLG
//GO.SYSIN DD *
Data as described above.
/*

```

Punched cards containing the names of the parameters and other information are always produced in this process.

2) To compile and run as above and to get an object deck of the FORTRAN subroutine, the following job control cards are needed:

```
/*SETUP DDNAME=PRGG,DEVICE=2314,ID=ODDJOB
// EXEC VMMCLG,PARM.FTH='DECK'
//GO.SYSIN DD *
Data cards as described in a and b above.
/*

```

The structure of the punched deck is as follows:

- a) Header card.
- b) Two to five cards always obtained from the special purpose compiler when a FORTRAN program is generated.

- c) Object deck for the generated FORTRAN subroutine FCN\$. This part of the punched output contains the characters FCN\$ in columns 73-76 and a four-digit sequence number, starting with 0000, in columns 77-80.
- d) Header card.

Only the object deck is valid input to the linkage editor. Occasionally, because of a human or operating-system error, the extra cards described under b) are not returned with the deck. If this happens, the simplest thing to do is to run the program again without the PARM.FTH='DECK' option, i.e., as in Part 1) above.

- 3) To execute the program using the object deck obtained in Part c), the following cards are needed:

```
/*SETUP DDNAME=LIB,DEVICE=2314,ID=ODDJOB
// EXEC VMMLG
//EDT.SYSIN DD *
```

Object deck from Part 2) above.

```
/*
//GO.SYSIN DD *
```

- a) The two to five cards obtained when the FORTRAN program was generated.
- b) Case definition data given under Part b, "Data for Cases" above.

```
/*
```

### 3. Sample Case Using Minimal Input

Suppose it is desired to find the values of a and b that give the best least-squares fit of  $y = ax + b$  to the following sets of data:

| <u>Case 1</u> | <u>y</u> | <u>x</u> | <u>Error in y</u> |
|---------------|----------|----------|-------------------|
| - 1.0         | 0.0      |          | 0.02              |
| - 0.8         | 0.2      |          | 0.03              |
| - 0.25        | 1.0      |          | 0.01              |
| 0.4           | 2.0      |          | 0.04              |
| 1.2           | 0.3      |          | 0.03              |
| 1.9           | 4.0      |          | 0.02              |
| 2.6           | 5.0      |          | 0.01              |

| <u>Case 2</u> | <u>y</u> | <u>x</u> | <u>Error in y</u> |
|---------------|----------|----------|-------------------|
| - 1.0         | 0.0      | 0.01     |                   |
| - 1.4         | 1.0      | 0.01     |                   |
| - 1.8         | 2.0      | 0.02     |                   |
| - 2.2         | 3.0      | 0.03     |                   |
| - 2.7         | 4.0      | 0.06     |                   |

The entire input might look like this (each line is a card):

JOB card

Accounting card

```
/* SETUP DDNAME=PRGG,DEVICE=2314,ID=ODDJOB
// EXEC VMMCLG
// GO.SYSIN DD *
```

LINEAR FIT TO SAMPLE DATA

PARAMETERS=A,B

IV=X

DV=Y

DATA=Y,X,ERROR

Y=A\*X+B

DA=X

DB=1.

END

CASE 1

A=.833

B=-1.0

END

|        |     |      |
|--------|-----|------|
| - 1.0  | 0.0 | 0.02 |
| - 0.8  | 0.2 | 0.03 |
| - 0.25 | 1.0 | 0.01 |
| 0.4    | 2.0 | 0.04 |
| 1.2    | 0.3 | 0.03 |
| 1.9    | 4.0 | 0.02 |
| 2.6    | 5.0 | 0.01 |

END

END

```

CASE 2
A=-.4
END
- 1.0      0.0      0.01
- 1.4      1.0      0.01
- 1.8      2.0      0.02
- 2.2      3.0      0.03
- 2.7      4.0      0.06
END
END
/*

```

After an object deck for the FORTRAN subroutine has been obtained, the following input deck is used:

```

JOB card
Accounting card
/*SETUP DDNAME=LIB,DEVICE=2314,ID=ODDJOB
// EXEC VMMLG
//EDT.SYSIN DD*
Object deck as described under c.2)c) above.
/*
//GO.SYSIN DD *

```

Extra cards generated by a run above, described under c.2)b) above.

```

CASE 1
A=.833
B=-1.0
END
Data as before, ending with
END
END
/*

```

#### 4. Expanded Input

The following statements may appear in the function definition section of the input. Except for the DATA=INSERT option, which replaces the DATA=list statement, these statements appear in addition to the function definition cards described under "Minimal Input."

##### a. DATA FORMAT Option

A user may, if he wishes, give his own FORTRAN format for reading the observed data. The statement for specifying the format is

DATA FORMAT = any valid FORTRAN format.

The format may be continued on more than one card. The equal sign is optional here; the compiler supplies enclosing parentheses for the format. This statement causes information for each data point to be read according to the given format in the order specified in the statement DATA=list. WARNING. This option is extremely slow. If at all possible, the format specification should be omitted or a DATA=INSERT option used. (See Part c below.)

##### b. FORTRAN Inserts

A programmer may insert FORTRAN statements at six "break points" in the subprogram FCN\$.

1) The form of the inserts is:

| <u>Column</u> | <u>Description</u>  |
|---------------|---|
| 1             | An integer from 0 to 5 indicating the placement of the insert. ("C" for comment may also be included if it immediately follows a numbered insert.)  |
| 2-80          | Valid FORTRAN statement. To avoid duplicate statement numbers, user's statement numbers should be between 100 and 999. User's names known to the program are the names of the dependent variable, independent variables, and parameters. D followed by a parameter name is the derivative of the user's function with respect to that parameter. All other names should be defined by the user. No name should end with \$. |

When the card image is inserted, the integer in column 1 is replaced by a blank. The rest of the card image is not changed in any way.

- 2) The six inserts are:

Insert Level

Placement and Contents

- 0 These cards are placed between a DIMENSION and a DATA statement and therefore must contain similar nonexecutable statements.
- 1 These cards are placed immediately after the reading of the fitting data and are executed only once for each case. Extra data may be read here. If extra data are present, they must appear immediately before the last END statement.
- 2 This set of statements is executed once each time FCN\$ is called. It precedes the loop defining the sum of the squared residuals and its first partial derivatives.

- 3 These statements are internal to the loop defining the sum of the squared residuals. Their exact placement depends partly on the order, relative to the function definition and derivative statements, in which they appear in the input. Thus,

3 P=EXP (Z\*5.)

DVNAME=P+2

DZ=5.\*P

3 Q=5.+6.\*A

is compiled:

P=EXP (Z\*5.)

Y\$=P+2. (for dependent variable definition)

GGG\$(1)=5.\*P (if Z is the first parameter)

Q=5.+6.\*A

In any case, however, cards for Insert 3 appear before the sum of the squared residuals and the derivatives of the sum are defined. The statements DVNAME= and DPNAME= may be omitted from the function definition if the value of the function and its partial derivatives are given with Insert 3 cards.

- 4 These inserts appear after all calculations and printing for a case are completed. The statements are executed once for each case.

- 5 These statements are the last to appear in the generated program (except for RETURN and END and also some formats). They are executed once after all the cases have been completed.

3) Inserts of a particular level appear in the code in the same order they appeared in the input stream. For example, suppose the following cards appear in the input:

```

1      LEVEL 1, CARD 1
2      LEVEL 2, CARD 1
1      LEVEL 1, CARD 2
3      LEVEL 3, CARD 1
3      LEVEL 3, CARD 2
2      LEVEL 2, CARD 2

```

These appear as follows:

Block of code preceding place for Insert 1

```

LEVEL 1, CARD 1
LEVEL 1, CARD 2

```

Code between place for Insert 1 and place for Insert 2

```

LEVEL 2, CARD 1
LEVEL 2, CARD 2

```

Code between place for Insert 2 and place for Insert 3

```

LEVEL 3, CARD 1
LEVEL 3, CARD 2
rest of code

```

Insert cards may appear anywhere in the function definition section after the title and before the END card.

4) WARNING. Because of the way the job steps are organized and the data processed, the step name of the job step in which the Davidon procedure is actually executed is different in the procedures VMMCLG and VMMLG. Thus, DD cards referring to extra data sets used on these inserts will have ddnames qualified by different stepnames in the two procedures. For example, suppose plotting is desired. The deck structures, including a DD statement for a Calcomp tape, are as follows:

a) To generate a FORTRAN code and execute:

```

/*SETUP DDNAME=PRGG,DEVICE=2314,ID=ODDJOB
/*SETUP DDNAME=PLTTAPE,DEVICE=2400-7,ID=(,,SAVE,NL)

```

```

// EXEC VMMC LG
//GO.SYSIN DD *
          Data to generate FORTRAN code and execute.
/*
//RUN.PLOTTAPE DD DSNAME=PLOT780,DISP=(NEW,KEEP), C
// UNIT=(2400-2,,DEFER),LABEL=(,NL)
/*

```

- b) To execute, using an object deck for the generated FORTRAN code:

```

/*SETUP DDNAME=LIB,DEVICE=2314,ID=ODDJOB
/*SETUP DDNAME=PLOTTAPE,DEVICE=2400-7,ID=(,,SAVE,NL)
// EXEC VMMLG
//EDT.SYSIN DD *

```

Object deck.

```

/*
//GO.PLOTTAPE DD DSNAME=PLOT780,DISP=(NEW,KEEP), C
// UNIT=(2400-2,,DEFER),LABEL=(,NL)
//GO.SYSIN DD *

```

Data as appropriate for executing the program using an object deck.

/\*

Thus, for a compilation the stepname is RUN, and cards referring to it follow the data. For execution from an object module, the stepname is GO, and cards referring to it immediately precede the data.

#### c. DATA=INSERT Option

A programmer may use Insert 1 cards to write his own READ statements for the observed data by replacing the statement DATA=list with the statement DATA=INSERT. DATA=INSERT causes the translator to omit the usual FORTRAN statements for reading the observed data. Some variable names that may be useful in programming appropriate READ statements are:

IN\$ Input "tape number"-- set to 5  
ND\$ Number of data points-- set to 1000  
YD\$(I) Value of the dependent variable for the Ith data point.  
This array is dimensioned by 1000.  
XD\$(J,I) Value of the Jth independent variable for the Ith data  
point. J is determined by the variable's position in  
the list following IV=. This array is dimensioned  
XD\$(20,1000).  
W\$(I) Weight of the Ith data point. This array is dimen-  
sioned W\$(1000).

When the DATA=INSERT option is used, only one END card follows the data  
for each case.

APPENDIX B  
Notes on the FORTRAN Language

1. Form of FORTRAN Statements

These notes are not intended to be a complete description of the FORTRAN language but only to help a user prepare minimal input. For further information, the user is referred to the following IBM OS/360 publications:

|                 |                                   |
|-----------------|-----------------------------------|
| Form C28-6515-4 | Fortran IV Language               |
| Form C28-6602   | Fortran IV (H) Programmer's Guide |

FORTRAN statements for the minimal input will consist of combinations of constants and the names of the dependent variables, independent variables, and parameters.

A constant consists of one through seven decimal digits. It must include a decimal point and may be followed by an exponent. The exponent is indicated by writing E, followed by a sign, followed by two digits. A constant must be zero or else must have absolute value from  $16^{-63}$  through  $16^{23}$ . It must not contain embedded commas.

Examples:    0.0  
                  -5.3  
                  2.  
                  562.E+03 (This, of course, is  $562 \times 10^3$ .)  
                  -49.2E-52

The following operators may be used:

| <u>Operator</u> | <u>Definition</u> |
|-----------------|-------------------|
| **              | Exponentiation    |
| *               | Multiplication    |
| /               | Division          |
| +               | Addition          |
| -               | Subtraction       |

The following rules apply to combinations of variables, constants and operators:

- a. All operations must be explicitly stated. Writing AB will not result in the product of A and B. This product is calculated only when A\*B is written.

b. No two operators may appear in sequence. Thus,  $A^*-B$  is not a valid combination. To obtain the product of A and -B,  $A*(-B)$  must be written.

c. If there are no parentheses or if the expression or subexpression is enclosed entirely in a pair of parentheses, operations are performed in the following order:

- 1) Evaluation of functions (see Part 2 of this appendix)
- 2) Exponentiation (\*\*)
- 3) Multiplication and division
- 4) Addition and subtraction

Except for exponentiation, operations of the same level are performed from left to right. Thus  $A/B*C$  is evaluated by first dividing A by B, then multiplying the result by C.

Example:  $E+C*A/B^{**}D$  is evaluated as follows:

- 1) Calculate  $B^{**}D$  (call this X: $E+C*A/X$ ).
- 2) Calculate  $C*A$  (call this Y: $E+Y/X$ ).
- 3) Calculate  $Y/X$  (call this Z: $E+Z$ ).
- 4) Add E to Z.

Exponentiation is done from right to left. Thus  $A^{**}B^{**}C$  is evaluated as follows:

- 1) Calculate  $B^{**}C$  (call this result X).
- 2) Calculate  $A^{**}X$ .

d. Parentheses may be used to specify the order in which operations occur. An expression within parentheses is evaluated before the result is used.

## 2. Commonly Used Functions

The functions in Table I are supplied by IBM and may be of interest to the users of this translator. All functions are written as follows:

If FNAME is the function name and ARNAME is the name of its argument, the function is written FNAME(ARNAME). If there is more than one argument, the arguments are separated by commas. In the table, the argument is designated by "arg." If there are two arguments, they are designated arg<sub>1</sub> and arg<sub>2</sub>, and the function is designated FNAME(arg<sub>1</sub>, arg<sub>2</sub>). Function names must appear exactly as given in the column "Function Name."

TABLE I. Function Commonly Used in FORTRAN

| Function   | Function Name | Definition                  | Number of Arguments |
|--|---------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|
| Exponential                                      | DEXP          | $e^{arg}$                   | 1                   |
| Natural logarithm                                | DLOG          | $\ln(arg)$                  | 1                   |
| Common logarithm                                 | DLOG10        | $\log_{10}(arg)$            | 1                   |
| Arcsine  | DARSIN        | $\arcsin(arg)$              | 1                   |
| Arccosine  | DARCOS        | $\arccos(arg)$              | 1                   |
| Arctangent                                       | DATAN         | $\arctan(arg)$              | 1                   |
|  | DATAN2        | $\arctan(arg_1/arg_2)$      | 2                   |
| Trigonometric sine<br>(Argument in radians)      | DSIN          | $\sin(arg)$                 | 1                   |
| Trigonometric cosine<br>(Argument in radians)    | DCOS          | $\cos(arg)$                 | 1                   |
| Trigonometric tangent<br>(Argument in radians)   | DTAN          | $\tan(arg)$                 | 1                   |
| Trigonometric cotangent<br>(Argument in radians) | DCOTAN        | $\cotan(arg)$               | 1                   |
| Square root                                      | DSQRT         | $(arg)^{1/2}$               | 1                   |
| Hyperbolic tangent                               | DTANH         | $\tanh(arg)$                | 1                   |
| Largest value                                    | DMAX1         | $\max(arg_1, arg_2, \dots)$ | $\geq 2$            |
| Smallest value                                   | DMIN1         | $\min(arg_1, arg_2, \dots)$ | $\geq 2$            |
| Absolute value                                   | DABS          | $ (arg) $                   | 1                   |
| Hyperbolic sine                                  | DSINH         | $\sinh(arg)$                | 1                   |
| Hyperbolic cosine                                | DCOSH         | $\cosh(arg)$                | 1                   |

## APPENDIX C

Programming Notes and Flow Charts

The processor consists of three main programs: VMMTR, DATAPR, and DVDN, of which the first two are in PL/I and the third is in FORTRAN IV.

1. VMMTR

VMMTR is the FORTRAN-writing code. After defining various arrays and reading the title card, VMMTR calls three routines to read and sort all the function definition cards. (The sorting was added after the code was written, when it was discovered that neither I nor any of the users could remember the order of input required by the translator.)

a. Routines Used

(1) Sorting Routines. The sorting routines are CLASS, STORE, and BUBBLE. Their functions are as follows:

(a) CLASS. This routine reads and counts the function definition statements. By using keywords (such as DATA, PARAMETERS, and IV) and insert numbers, it classifies each card, determining whether it is the list of parameter names, the list of independent variable names, or other such information. If the card contains an "=" sign but the string on the left side (with blanks omitted) is not a key word, the card is assumed to contain a formula for the dependent variable or its partial derivative with respect to one of the parameters. If it does not contain an "=" sign and is neither an insert card nor a DATA FORMAT card, it is assumed to be a continuation of the preceding card. After a card has been classified, the card image and a tag are stored in an array of character strings each 81 characters long, with the tag as the first character and the card image as the rest. The tags are arranged in collating sequence; that is, the tag for the parameter list, for instance, is represented in the computer as a smaller number than any of the other tags. Storage for this array is allocated 100 strings at a time, and the tagged card images are stored as a "push-down stack." Thus at the end of CLASS the tagged card images are arranged in blocks of 100, with the first card read in the 100th location of the block farthest down the stack. (See Flow Chart 1 in Part 4 of this appendix.)

(b) STORE. This routine allocates enough storage for all the card images in a new array, called CLST, and stores the images with the first one read in location 1. It also frees all the storage allocated in CLASS. (See Flow Chart 2 in Part 4 of this appendix.)

(c) BUBBLE. This routine uses a "bubble-through" sorting technique to arrange the tagged card images in the proper order for use by the rest of the code. The technique works as follows: Starting with the last card, it compares the tag of each card with the tag of the card immediately preceding it. Whenever a card has a tag that is less than the tag of its predecessor, the two cards are swapped so that the card with the smaller tag appears before the one with the larger tag. The array is scanned repeatedly until a scan occurs in which no swaps are made. (See Flow Chart 3.)

(2) Routines from Chemical Equation Translator. A number of the string analysis and output routines were first written for the Chemical Equation Translator, 08T7019, and are documented in the report on that program.<sup>3</sup> They are RDCD, PNCH, CAT, and ORDER. (ORDSP in 08T7019 was renamed ORDER.) (See also Appendix E.)

(3) Changes to Built-in Routine SUBSTR. While VMMTR was being developed, the implementation of the built-in function SUBSTR was changed so that some of the calls were no longer correct. It seemed easier to change the definition of SUBSTR than to find all the incorrect calls. Therefore a special SUBSTR was written to correct the calls and then call the built-in SUBSTR.

#### b. Body of VMMTR

The rest of VMMTR is concerned with generating the FORTRAN subroutine FCN\$ as a set of card images and writing them on a file PROG. A fixed skeleton FCN\$ contains seven sections which are stored on a disk in a file RDFILE and written on PROG by procedures BLOCK1 through BLOCK7. \$ is used as a suffix on all the variable names in the skeleton FCN\$ so that the user's names will be different from those in the fixed part of FCN\$.

After the first fixed section of FCN\$ is placed on PROG, the lists of names are analyzed by using ORDER. The first variable section of FCN\$ is then constructed. In addition to an Insert 0 if present, the section consists of a DATA statement, which sets up an array of parameter names for printing, and an EQUIVALENCE statement, which assigns the user's names for independent variables, the dependent variable, parameters, and derivatives to the same storage locations as the corresponding names in the skeleton FCN\$. The technique for generating these statements is used throughout VMMTR to generate lists. Usually the identifying marks (such as EQUIVALENCE) are stored in a character string CARD, and the first item in the list is added. Then for each succeeding item in the list, the procedure CAT is called to add the text ",item" to the characters in CARD and to ensure that all FORTRAN text appears in characters 1-72 of CARD, with continuation marks as needed. Thus loops for generating lists often appear with indices from 2 to the number of items. (See Flow Chart 4.)

After the nonexecutable statements, a FORMAT is constructed to print the general title, and BLOCK2 is called to put the next fixed section of FCN\$ on PROG. The next variable section concerns the READ statement for the data to be fitted.

The list associated with the statement DATA= is analyzed by using ORDER, and the names are stored in an array TNAMES. If the statement is DATA=INSERT (i.e., if TNAMES(1)=INSERT) the construction is omitted. Otherwise, the next card image is checked to see whether it is a DATA FORMAT specification. If not, a READ statement is constructed, using the list-generating ideas described above. (See Flow Chart 5.)

The format chosen is 6E12.0, and the data processor will count the number of data points and rearrange the data in that format. If a DATA FORMAT card is present, counting points becomes much more complicated. The difficulty occurs because there is no easy way for the data processor to tell where one number ends and the next begins. If no format is specified, the data processor uses a GET LIST, which treats blanks as separating characters, to read all the numbers associated with one point. But here there may be blanks embedded in a number or no blanks anywhere. Short of programming a section of the PL/I code to analyze the FORTRAN format, there seemed to be no way out except to count the points in the FORTRAN code. So this is done by reading each card with a format 20A4, and testing to see whether columns 1-3 contain the word END. If they do, the reading is finished. Otherwise, the file containing these cards is backspaced one record, and the data are read using the specified format. (See Flow Chart 6 for the logic of this process.)

Note that this describes a process in the FORTRAN code, not a process for generating something in the FORTRAN code. Since the primary input stream cannot be backspaced, the card images containing these data are kept on a separate unblocked file.

Once the possible format is taken care of, a READ statement is constructed. If errors are to be read, code is generated to convert them to weights, while saving the original values. If there is an Insert 1, it appears after the READ statement. BLOCK3, Insert 2, and BLOCK4 follow in that order.

The next variable section of code occurs in the middle of the inner loop where the sum of the squared residuals and its partial derivatives are calculated. Here there are a number of card images all tagged "Insert 3": the formula for the dependent variable, formulas for its derivative with respect to each parameter, continuations of these cards, actual inserts of Level 3. Each is interpreted and inserted in the code in the order in which it occurs. Inserts are marked 3, 4, or 5 in column 2 of the tagged card image. (That is a column 1 of the card as read.)

If the card is not an insert and an equal sign appears on it, the character string on the left, with blanks removed, is compared with the dependent variable name and with the character D followed by each parameter name. If the string is one of these names, it is rearranged to occupy columns 7-72, continuation marks are added if necessary, and the statement is inserted in the code. If the string is not one of these names, it is an undefined symbol, and processing is terminated. No check is made to determine whether all names have appeared. If no equal sign appears, the card is assumed to be a continuation.

The bit string CATCALL is set "true" whenever CAT is called. This is done because CAT, after checking the length of a string, writes the first 72 characters on PROG if the total length was more than 72 characters. It writes out neither the continuation string nor initial strings of less than 72 characters. Therefore, after CAT has been called, a statement CALL PNCH must be used to put the last card image on PROG. This middle section may be terminated in one of two ways: (1) All the input cards have been analyzed, or (2) there is an Insert 4 or 5. Either occurrence signals the end of the variable section of the inner loop, and the program proceeds to the last section of the translator. (See Flow Chart 7 for the logic of this process.)

In the last section of the code, BLOCK5 and Insert 4 if present are put on PROG. MKFMT (see Flow Chart 8) is called to construct a format for printing a heading for the output, containing the user's names for the various quantities. BLOCK6, Insert 5 if present, and BLOCK7 are then put on PROG. Finally, a procedure DTTPR generates card images containing information needed by the data processor: a list of the parameter names, the number of items needed to specify a data point, and numbers set to 0 or 1 depending on whether there is a data format or a DATA=INSERT specification. These card images are put on a file CDFILE and are also punched out. The rest of the data is put on CDFILE after the above card images.

## 2. DATAPR

DATAPR, the data processor, rearranges the data into a form acceptable to FORTRAN. The first section of the code reads information from VMMTR and the title, and deals with the parameter guesses and standard deviations. For the first case, values of these are stored in arrays GUESSF, for the guesses, and SDF, for the standard deviation. If no standard deviation is given, the value is set at -1.0; if the word CONSTANT appears, the value of the standard deviation is set to zero. (Because PL/I truncates rather than rounding, 0.000001 of each value is added to the value, so that 3. appears as 3.0, not as 2.99999.) The numbers in the arrays are stored in the order in which they appeared on the card PARAMETERS= when FCN\$ was generated. After GUESSF and SDF are defined, arrays for the current case GUESS and SD are defined.

For each case, values are the same as for GUESSF and SDF, except when a card containing new guesses is present. Processing of parameter cards is finished when a card not containing an equal sign is found. This card should be blank or contain the word END. It is not interpreted as the first data card. For each I from 1 to the number of parameters, GUESS(I) and SD(I) are put on a file CDFILE in a format 2 E(12,5), X(56). This corresponds to a FORTRAN format of 2E12.5. The statement PUT FILE (CDFILE) EDIT (BL) (X(55),A(1)); allows for the 56 blanks after the last parameter guess, so that the data to be fitted starts on the next "card," not on the last half of the old one.

The data to be fitted are rearranged in one of three ways, depending on whether there is a data format, a DATA=INSERT statement, or neither of these. If there is a data format, the number of points is set to 1000. The cards for the case, through and including the first END, are read and output, without change or interpretation, on an unblocked file XTFILE. Any extra data are put on CDFILE, which becomes logical unit 5 in the FORTRAN step. The second END at the end of the case is omitted.

If reading is done with an insert, the number of data points is again set to 1000. The rest of the cards containing data for the case are read and written, exactly as they are, on CDFILE. For this option, there is only one END card to mark the end of the case. It is not written on CDFILE.

When there is neither a data format nor a DATA=INSERT statement, the number of points is actually counted. NUM, the number of items that define each data point, has been read by the data processor. A GET LIST statement is used to read the numbers from cards, NUM at a time, and convert them to floating-point decimal representation. A counter is increased by 1 each time the GET LIST is executed; 0.000001 of each value is added to the value; and the numbers are put on a temporary file TEMP in the format 6 E(12,5), X(8). The process of reading, converting, and writing continues until the word END is encountered. Attempting to convert this to floating-point decimal representation causes a conversion interrupt, which signals the end of the section. Now the number of points is written on CDFILE, followed by a blank character, in the format F(6,0), X(73), A(1). The card images are read from TEMP and written on CDFILE. Any extra cards, not including any END cards, are now written on CDFILE.

At the end of the data processor, control is transferred directly to the variable metric minimization procedure by the statement CALL DVDN. This FORTRAN code has previously been compiled as a main program, to allow the proper handling of interrupts, with a NAME=DVDN option. All information is passed through peripheral devices. The direct transfer means that the job (with a FCN\$ generation) proceeds as follows:

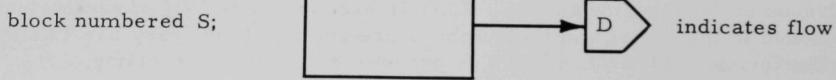
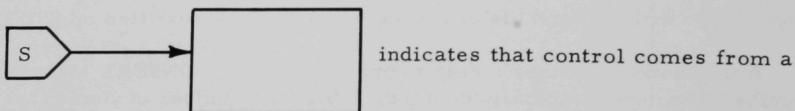
- a. Execute VMMTR to generate FCN\$.
- b. Compile FCN\$.
- c. Link edit the data processor, the variable metric procedure, and FCN\$.
- d. Execute DATAPR.
- e. Execute the variable metric procedure.

### 3. DVDN

DVDN is the variable metric minimization program described in Ref. 1. Appendix B of this report gives the listing for the version currently used.

### 4. Flow Charts

Blocks of flow charts (Figs. 1-8) occupying more than one page are numbered on the left-hand side of each page. Where there is more than one block on a line, the blocks are numbered from left to right. Flow of logic between pages is given by an off-page connector symbol:



BLOCK  
NUMBER

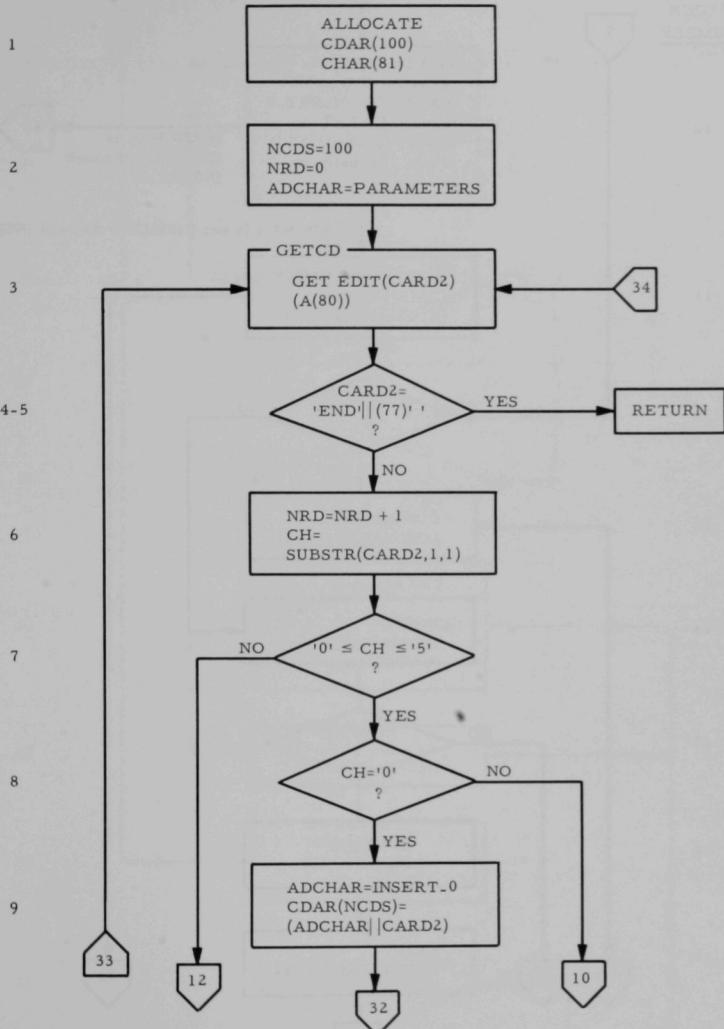


Fig. 1. Flow Chart 1, for CLASS

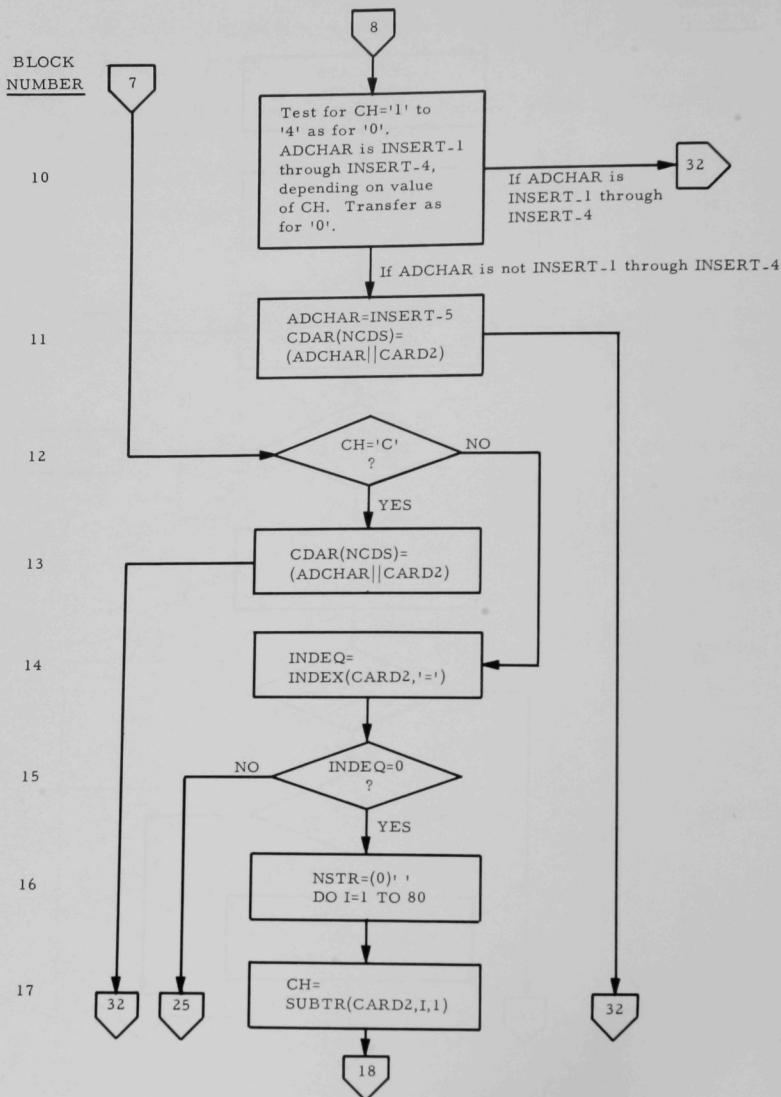
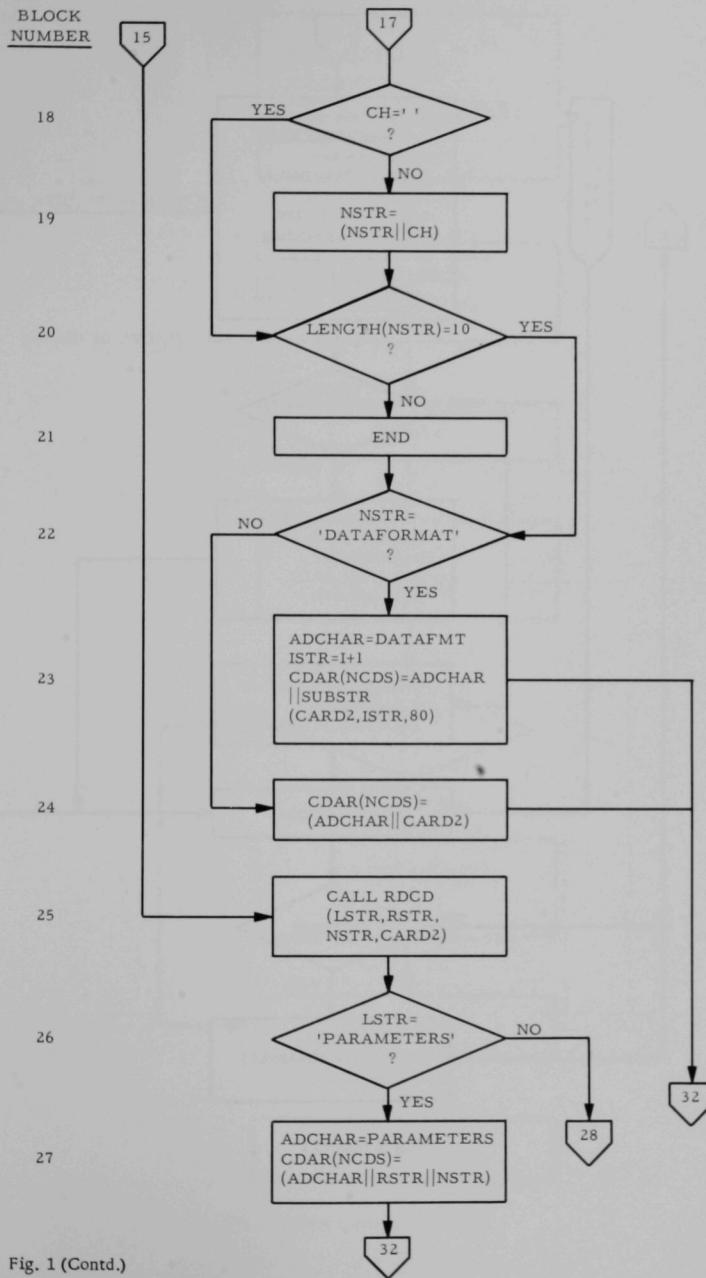


Fig. 1 (Contd.)



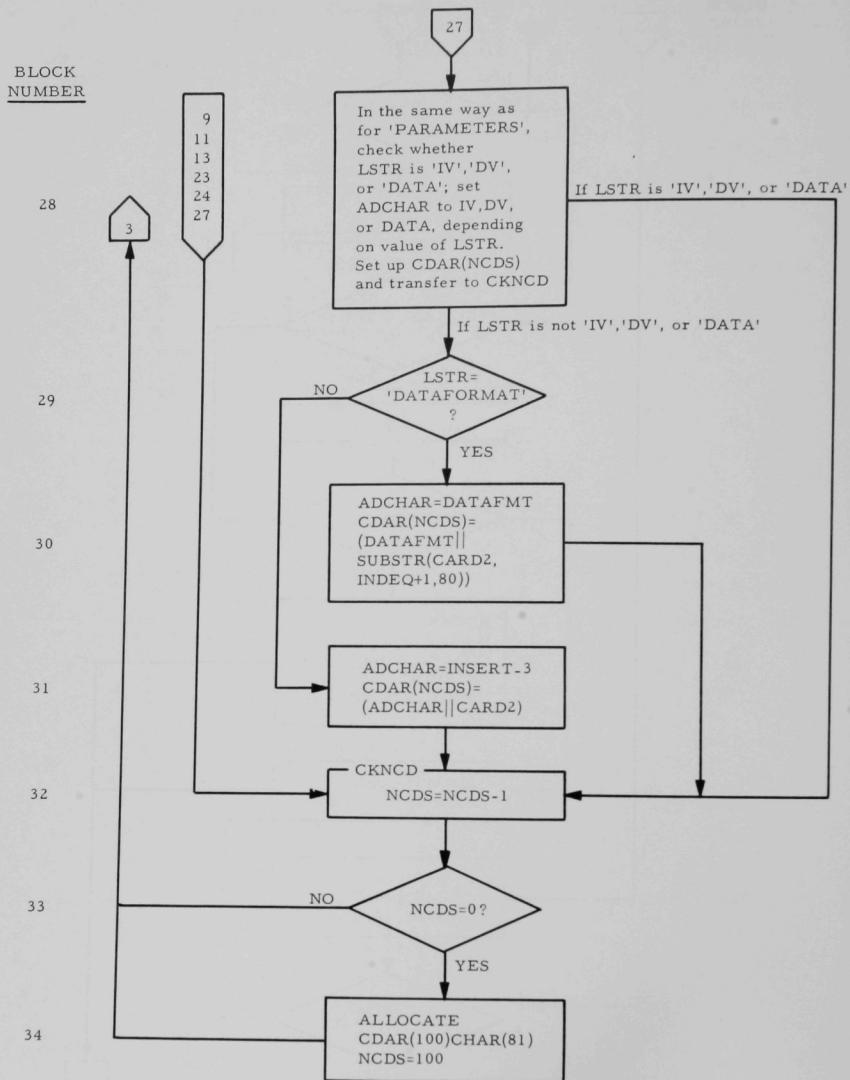


Fig. 1 (Contd.)

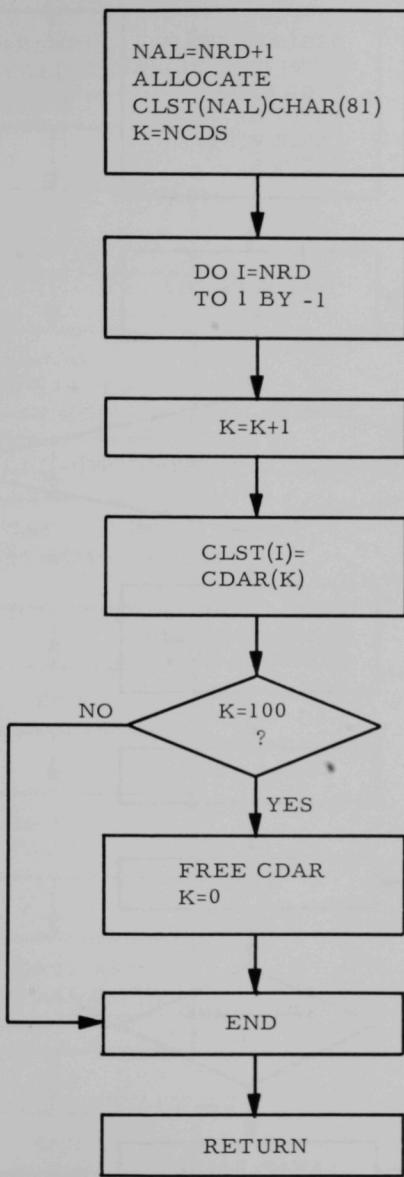


Fig. 2. Flow Chart 2, for STORE

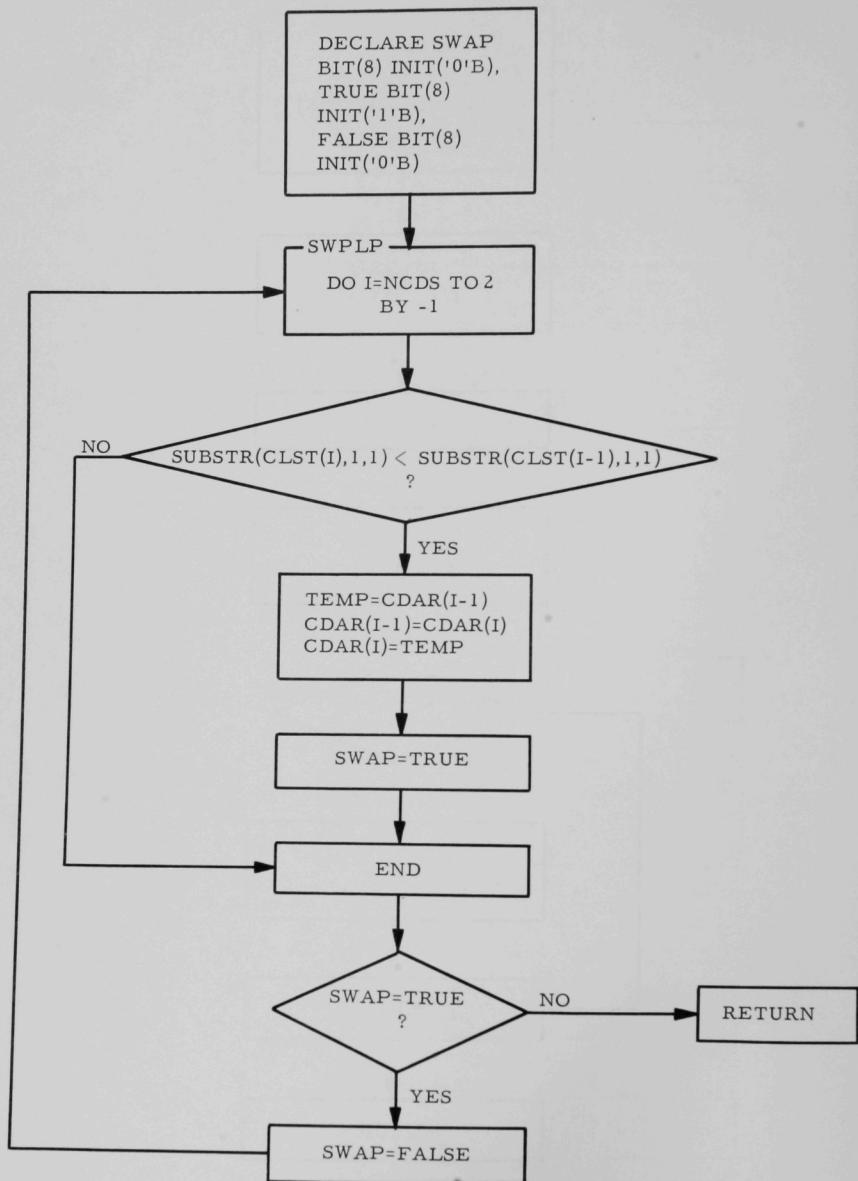


Fig. 3. Flow Chart 3, for BUBBLE

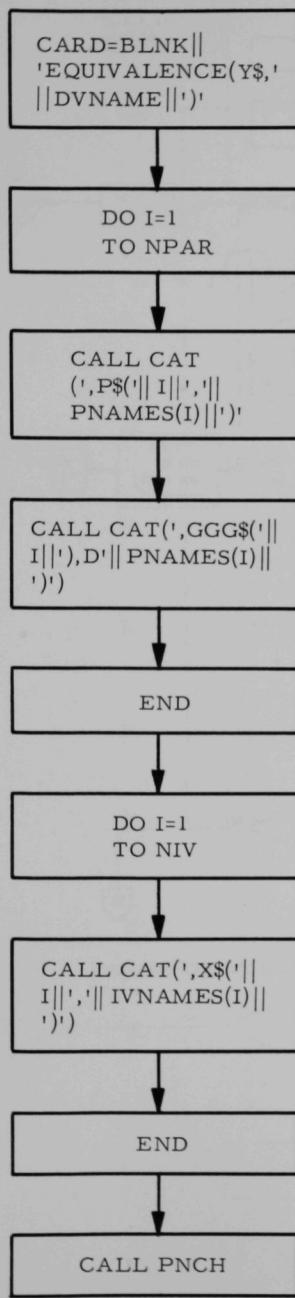


Fig. 4

Flow Chart 4, List-generating Logic:  
The EQUIVALENCE Statement

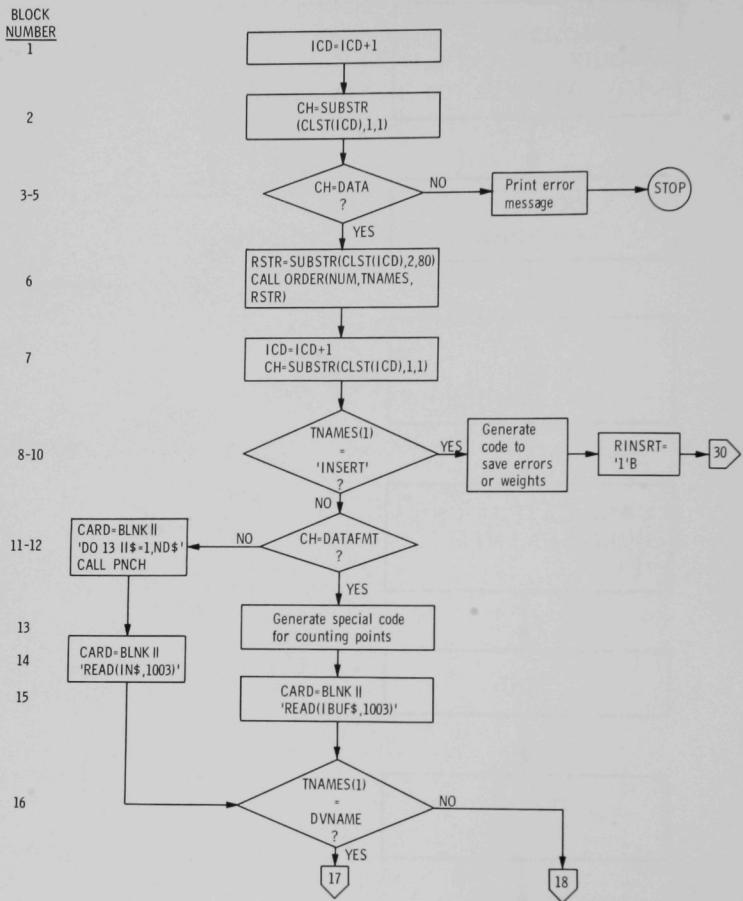


Fig. 5. Flow Chart 5, Constructing the READ Statement

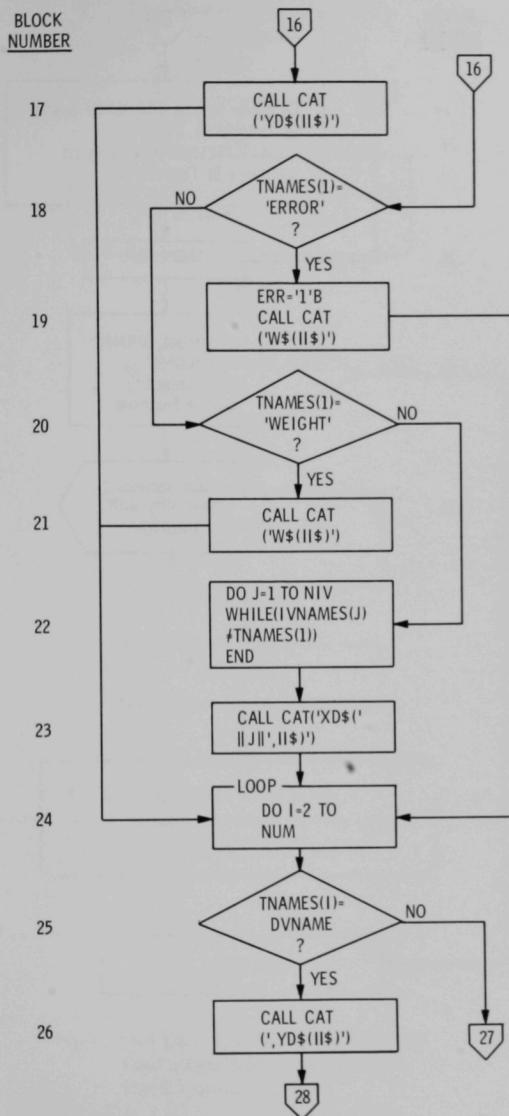


Fig. 5 (Contd.)

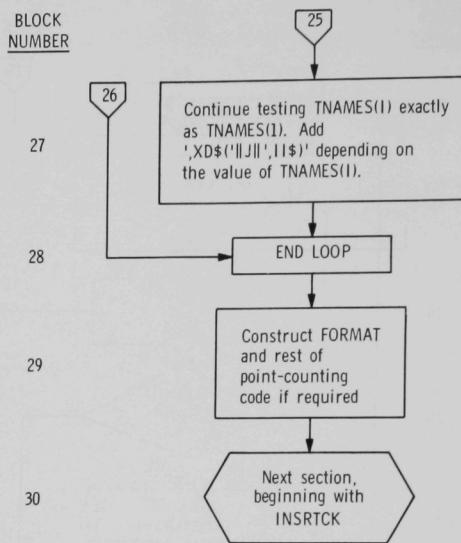


Fig. 5 (Contd.)

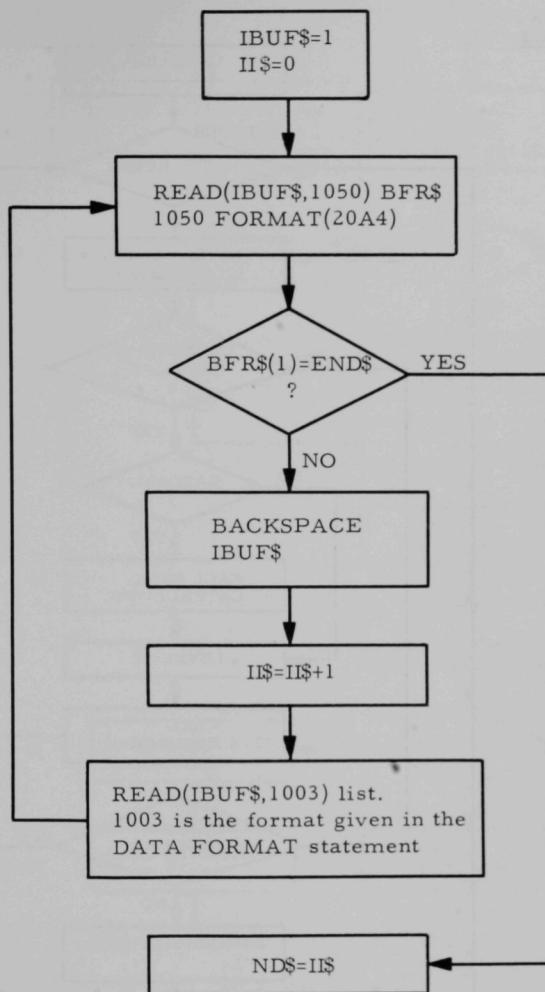


Fig. 6. Flow Chart 6, Counting Points in FCN\$  
When a Data Format Was Specified.  
This is a process in FCN\$.

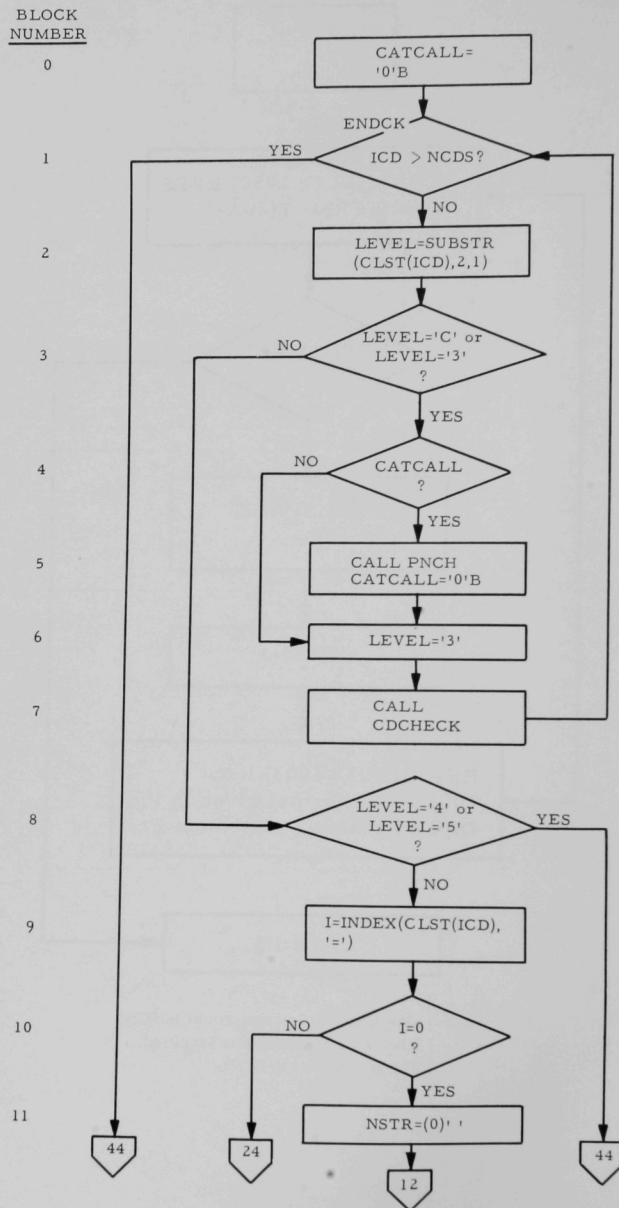


Fig. 7. Flow Chart 7, Generating the Inner Loop in FCN\$

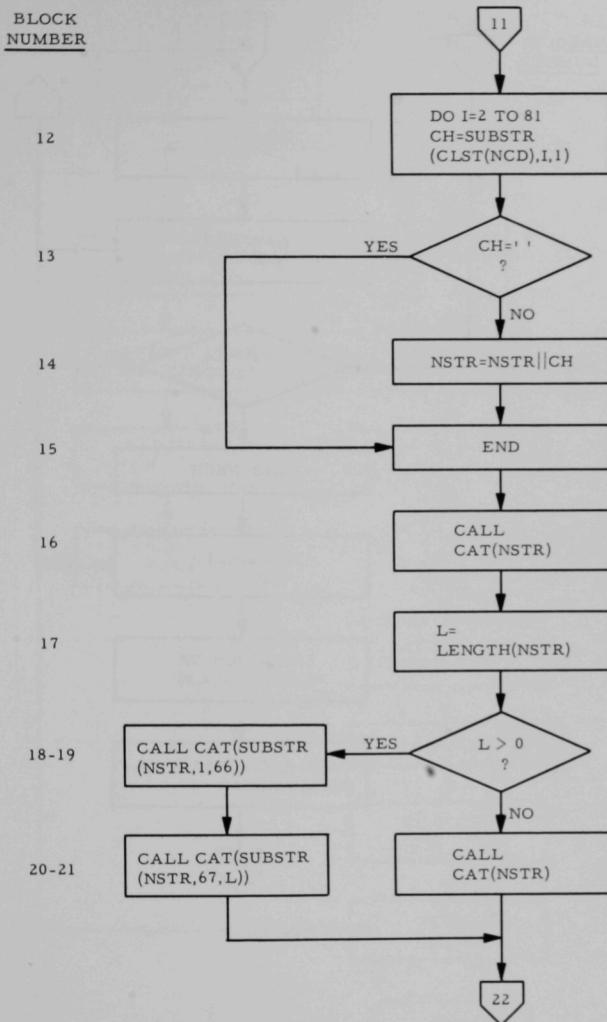


Fig. 7 (Contd.)

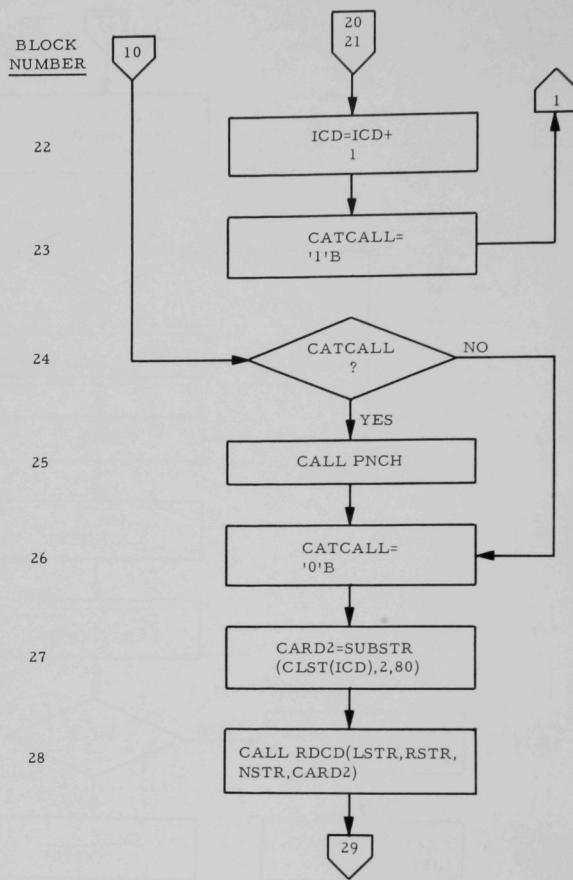


Fig. 7 (Contd.)

BLOCK  
NUMBER

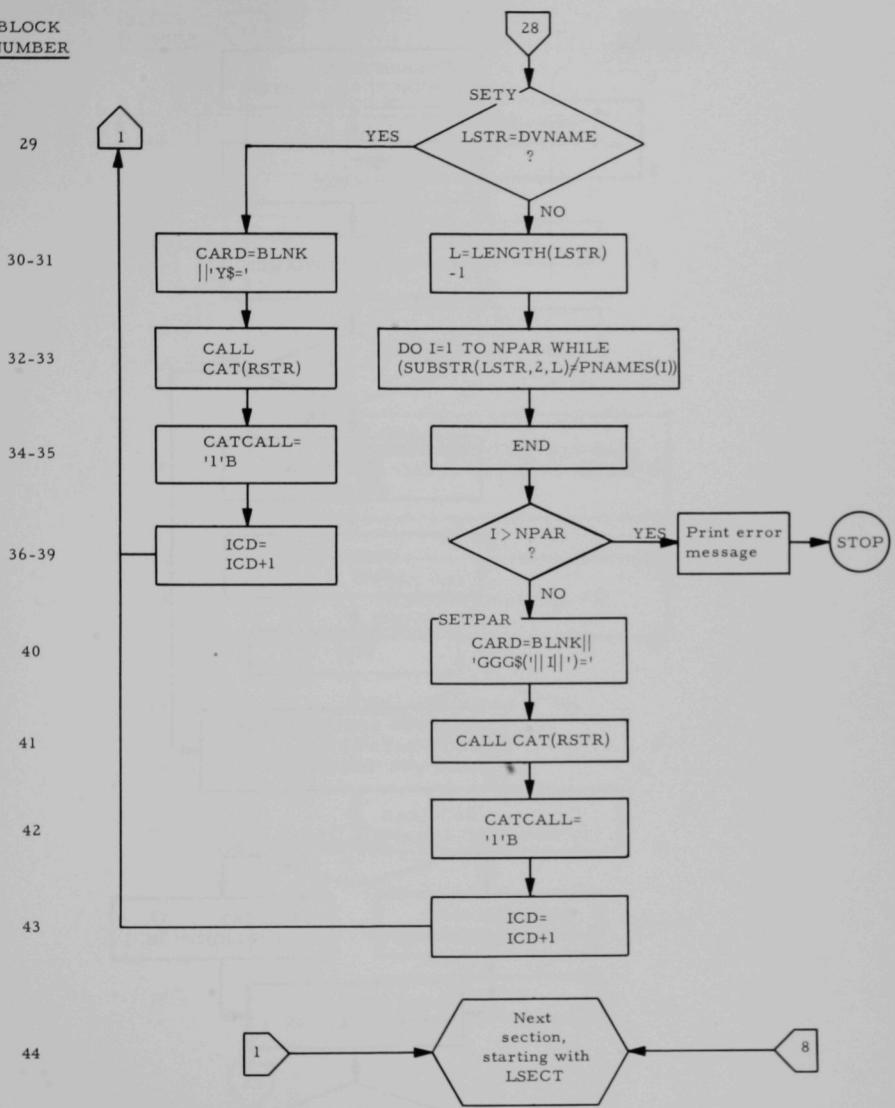


Fig. 7 (Contd.)

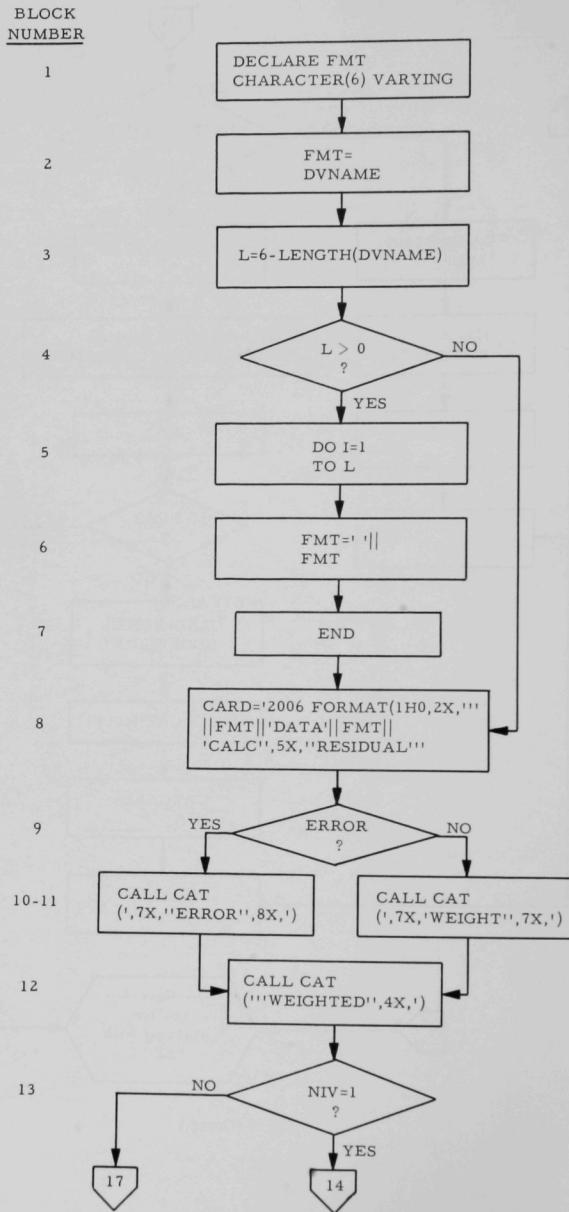


Fig. 8. Flow Chart 8, for MKFMT

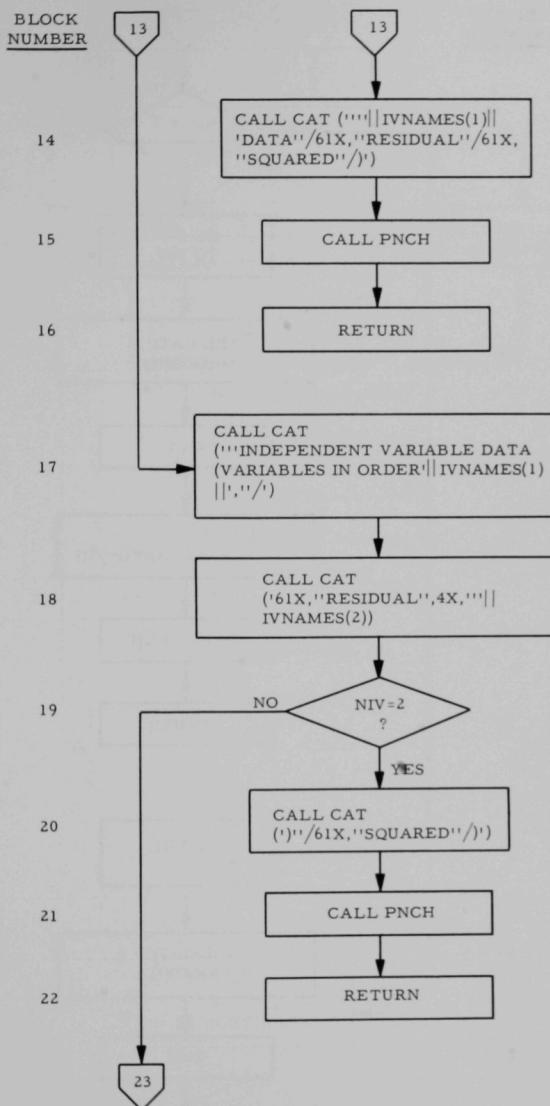


Fig. 8 (Contd.)

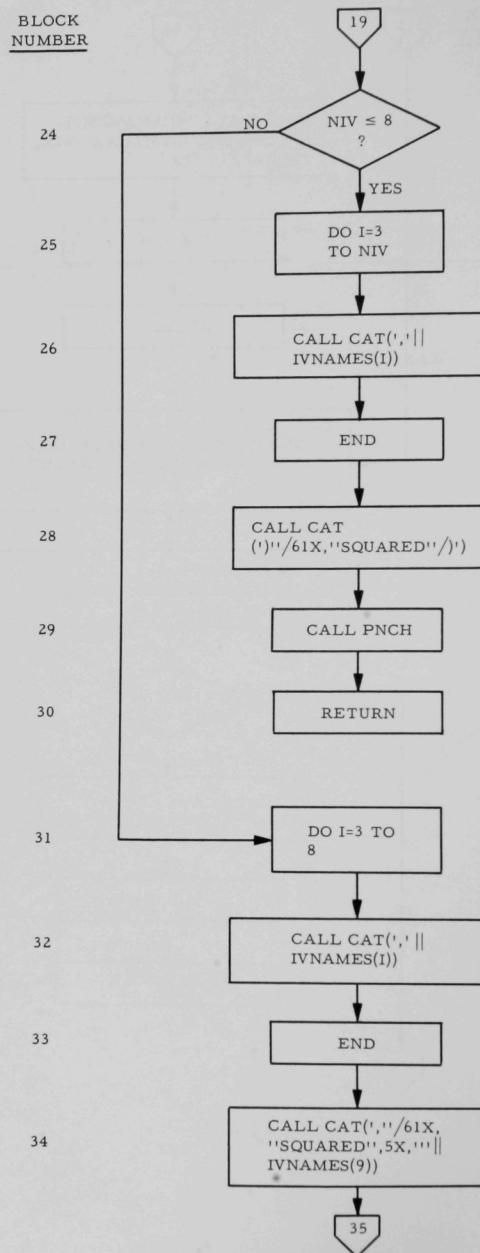


Fig. 8 (Contd.)

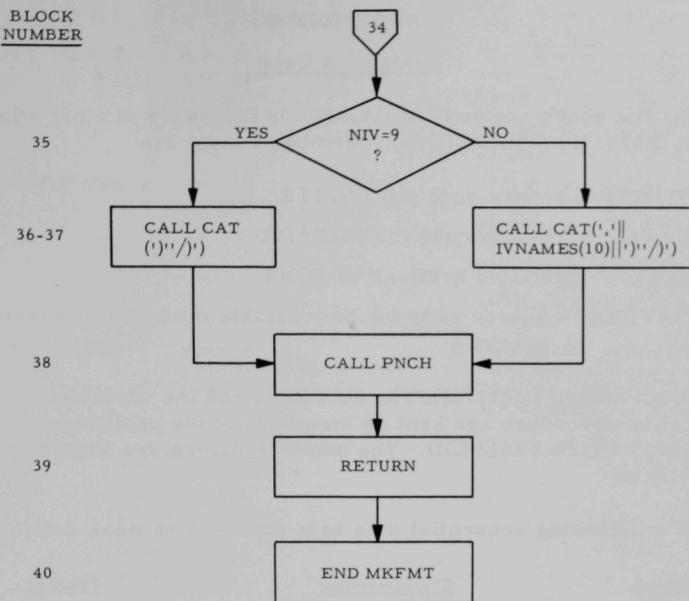


Fig. 8 (Contd.)

## APPENDIX D

Data Sets Used

Source codes are kept on the disk as members of a partitioned data set, C145.B12533.T7120.SOURCE. Member names are:

VMMTR - source code for VMMTR

DATAPR - source code for DATAPR

SKFCN - precoded sections of FCN\$

DAVIDON - source code for the variable metric minimization program.

Load modules for VMMTR, DATAPR, and the variable metric minimization procedure are kept as members of the partitioned data set C145.B12533.T7120.SYSLMOD. The member names are VMMTR, DATAPR, and DAVIDON.

The following sequential data sets are used as work data sets:

| <u>Dsname</u>          | <u>Characteristics</u>   | <u>Function</u>  |
|------------------------|--|--|
| C145.B12533.T7120.FORT | UNIT=2314,SPACE=(80,(50,50)),<br>VOLUME=SER=ODDJOB,<br>LABEL=EXPD=68001,<br>DCB=(RECFM=FB,<br>LRECL=80,BLKSIZE=2000) | In VMMTR, this is the file PROG<br>on which the subroutine FCN\$ is<br>written. As input to the FORTRAN H<br>compiler, it has ddname SYSIN.  |
| C145.B12533.T7120.PDAT | Same as<br>C145.B12533.T7120.FORT  | This data set is used to transfer<br>information from VMMTR, where<br>the file name is CDFILE, to<br>DATAPR, where the file name is<br>SYSIN. The data set contains the<br>additional information, such as the<br>number of parameters, required by<br>the data processor, as well as card<br>images for all the data for the cases. |
| C145.B12533.T7120.DATA | Same as<br>C145.B12533.T7120.FORT  | This data set contains information to<br>be passed from the data processor<br>to the variable metric procedure.<br>It is the file CDFILE in DATAPR<br>and the file FT05F001 in the vari-<br>able metric program.   |
| C145.B12533.T7120.TDAT | Same as<br>C145.B12533.T7120.FORT  | This data set is used by the data<br>processor to store data while the<br>points are being counted. It is used<br>only when there is neither a DATA=FORMAT<br>card nor a DATA=INSERT<br>option. File name is TEMP.   |

| <u>Dsname</u>           | <u>Characteristics</u>   | <u>Function</u>  |
|-------------------------|--|--|
| C145.B12533.T7120.XDAT  | Same as<br>C145.B12533.T7120.FORT<br>except for the DCB:<br>DCB=(RECFM=F,BLKSIZE=80) | This is the special unblocked file that is used for counting points and backspacing when there is a data format. In DATAPR the file name is XTFILE; in the variable metric program it is FT01F001.   |
| C145.B12533.T7120.VMMTR | Same as<br>C145.B12533.T7120.XDAT  | This data set contains the messages written by IEHPROGM in the first job step of the procedure VMMC1G. Since the only purpose of this step is to define the program VMMTR so that the user does not need to supply a JOBLIB card, the messages are not of interest to him. |
| C145.B12533.T7120.EDT   | Same as<br>C145.B12533.T7120.XDAT  | This data set contains the linkage editor control statements<br>INCLUDE LIB(DATAPR,DAVIDON)<br>ENTRY IHESAPA   |

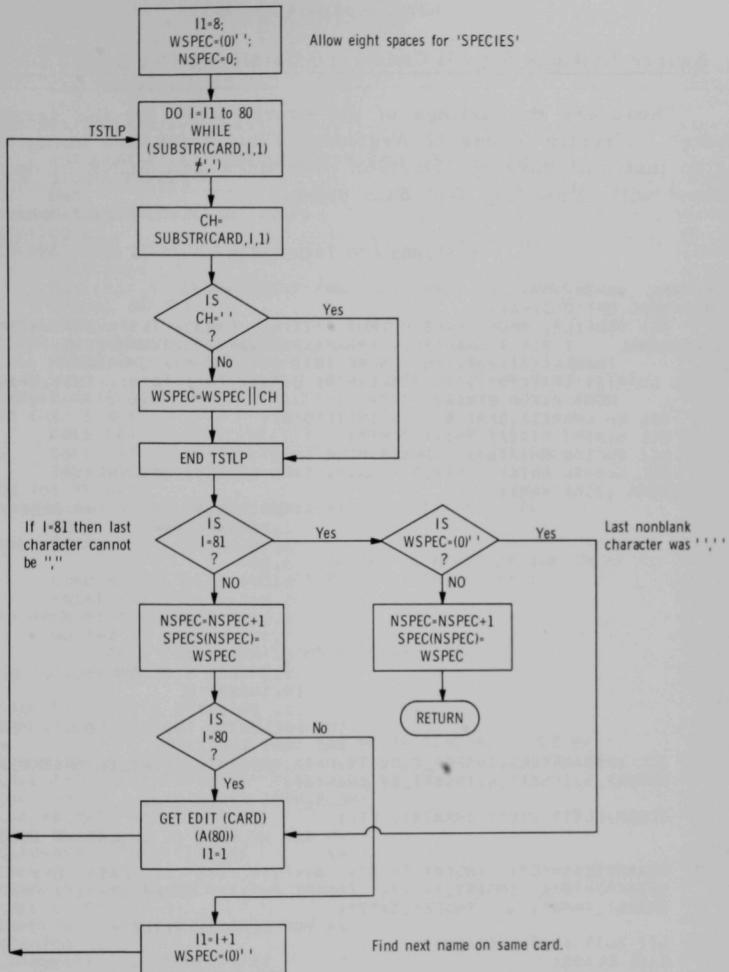
## APPENDIX E

Sections from the Report on the Chemical Equation Translator

CAT and PNCH are straightforward. See the listing in Appendix F.

RDCD removes blanks from card images containing equal signs and possibly semicolons and separates the resulting string into three parts: left of equal sign, right of equal sign but left of semicolon, and right of semicolon.

Figure 9 describes the logic of ORDSP. Minor changes were made in this routine when it was included in the variable metric translator.



This reads species separated by commas, eliminating blanks. If a card ends with a null string, the program reads another card. Thus the cards look like F,  
G,H

Fig. 9. Flow Chart for ORDSP

## APPENDIX F

Source Listings for All Codes and Cataloged Procedure Listings

These are the listings of the source code for the version of the language currently in use at Argonne. Final tests are being made of a version that will have the Davidon procedure and FCN\$ in double precision and will allow for 1000 data points.

## LISTINGS FOR TRANSLATOR

```

MEMBER NAME VMMTR
VMMTR :PROC OPTIONS(MAIN);
      DCL (CDFILE, PROG) FILE OUTPUT, (TITLE, CARD2, (LSTR,RSTR,NSTR,00000020
CARD EXTERNAL ) VAR ) CHAR(80),((PNAME$40),DVNAME,IVNAME$10),
      TNAME$12))VAR, FMT, BLNK INIT ('        ') CHAR(6),
      LEVEL CHAR(1) INIT('0'), (CATCALL,ERR) BIT(1) INIT('0'B), (NIV,NPAR,00000050
      NUM) FIXED BINARY;
      DCL CH CHAR(1),DFMT BIT(1) INIT('0'B);                      00000060
      DCL RINSRT BIT(1) INIT('0'B);                     00000070
      DCL ENDING CHAR(80), RDFILE FILE INPUT;                  00000080
      DCL SUBSTR ENTRY (,FIXED BINARY,FIXED BINARY) RETURNS
      (CHAR (256) VAR);                     00000090
      /* CARDS ARE TO BE IN THE ORDER: 00000120
      1.PARAMETERS= 00000130
      2.INSERT 0 00000140
      3.DV= 00000150
      4.IV= 00000160
      5.DATA= 00000170
      6.DATA FORMAT 00000180
      7.INSERT 1 00000190
      8.INSERT 2 00000200
      9.INSERT 3 OR DVNAME= OR DPN000000210
      10.INSERT 4 00000220
      11.INSERT 5 00000230
      THE FOLLOWING TWO PROCEDURES READ000000240
      AND SORT THE CARDS */00000250
      DCL (PARAMETERS,INSERT_0,DV,IV,DATA,DATAFMT,INSERT_1, INSERT_2,00000260
      INSERT_3,INSERT_4,INSERT_5) CHAR(1),
      (NCDS,NRD) FIXED BIN, 00000270
      (CDAR,CLST) (100) CHAR(81) CTL; 00000280
      /* SET UP TAGS IN COLLATING SEQUE00000300
      */
      PARAMETERS='C';  INSERT_0='F';  DV='I';  IV='L';  DATA='0'; 00000320
      DATAFMT='R';  INSERT_1='V';  INSERT_2='X';  INSERT_3='1'; 00000330
      INSERT_4='4';  INSERT_5='7';  /* FOR GENERAL TITLE */ 00000340
      00000350
      GET EDIT (TITLE)(A(80)); 00000360
      CALL CLASS; 00000370
      CALL STORE; 00000380
      CALL BUBBLE; 00000390
      ICD=1; 00000400
      /* FOR NON-EXECUTABLE STATEMENT*/00000410
      CALL BLOCK1; 00000420
      CARD=BLNK|| 00000430
      *DIMENSION BFR$(20),WS$(500)*;  CALL PNCH; 00000440
      CARD='C' IF THERE IS AN INSERT 0, IT GOES HERE';  CALL PNCH; 00000450
      /* FOR PARAMETER NAMES */ 00000460
      CH=SUBSTR(CLST(ICD),1,1); 00000470
      IF CH~PARAMETERS THEN DO;
          PUT LIST (' PARAMETER NAMES NOT GIVEN');
          SIGNAL ERROR;
          END;
      RSTR=SUBSTR(CLST(ICD),2,80); 00000520
      CALL ORDER (NPAR,PNAME$,RSTR);
      ICD=ICD+1; 00000540
      CH= SUBSTR(CLST(ICD),1,1); 00000550
      IF CH= INSERT_0 THEN DO;
          00000560

```

## LISTINGS FOR TRANSLATOR

```

MEMBER NAME VMMTR
      LEVEL='0';
      CALL CDCHECK;
      END;
      CH=SUBSTR(CLST(ICD),1,1);
      IF CH~=DV THEN DO;
          PUT LIST (' NO DEPENDENT VARIABLE NAME GIVEN');
          SIGNAL ERROR;
      END;
      DVNAME=SUBSTR(CLST(ICD),2,6);
      ICD=ICD+1;
      CH=SUBSTR(CLST(ICD),1,1);
      IF CH~=IV THEN DO;
          PUT LIST (' INDEPENDENT VARIABLE NAMES NOT GIVEN');
          SIGNAL ERROR;
      END;
      RSTR=SUBSTR(CLST(ICD),2,80);
      CALL ORDER (NIV,IVNAMES,RSTR);
      CALL PNCH;                                /* SET UP EQUIVALENCE */
      CARD=BLNK||" EQUIVALENCE (Y$,'||DVNAME||')";
      DO I=1 TO NPAR;
          CALL CAT (',(P$('||I||'),'||PNAMES(I)||')');
          CALL CAT (',(GGG$'||I||',D'||PNAMES(I)||')');
      END;
      DO I=1 TO NIV;
          CALL CAT (',(X$'||I||'),'||IVNAMES(I)||')';
      END;
      CALL PNCH;
      CALL PNCH;                                /* SET UP NAMES OF VARIABLES */
      CARD=BLNK||"DATA ENDS //END //,PNAME$'||'||PNAMES(1)||'";
      IF NPAR~=1 THEN DO;
          DO I=2 TO NPAR;
              CALL CAT (',"'||PNAMES(I)||"');
          END;
      END;
      CALL CAT ('/');
      CALL PNCH;
      CALL PNCH;                                /* PRINT GENERAL TITLE */
      CARD=' 2000 FORMAT (1H0,';
      CALL CAT ('"'||TITLE||"');
      CALL PNCH;
      CARD=BLNK||"NP$='||NPAR;
      CALL PNCH;
      CARD=BLNK||"NX$='||NIV;
      CALL PNCH;
      CARD="C"; CALL PNCH;
      CALL BLOCK2;
      CARD="C"; CALL PNCH;
      ICD=ICD+1;
      CH=SUBSTR(CLST(ICD),1,1);
      IF CH~=DATA THEN DO;
          PUT LIST (' ORDER OF DATA NOT GIVEN');
          SIGNAL ERROR;
      END;
      CALL PNCH;                                /* SET UP ORDER FOR READING */
      RSTR=SUBSTR(CLST(ICD),2,80);

```

## LISTINGS FOR TRANSLATOR

```

MEMBER NAME VMMTR
CALL ORDER (NUM,TNAMES,RSTR);
ICD=ICD+1;
CH=SUBSTR (CLST(ICD),1,1);
IF TNAMES(1)='INSERT' THEN DO;
    CARD=BLLNK||' DO 11 I$=1,ND$'; CALL PNCH;
    CARD=' 11 WS$(I$)=WS$(I$)'; CALL PNCH;
    RINSRT='1'B;
    GO TO INSRTCK;
    END;
IF CH=DATAFMT THEN DO;
    DFMT='1'B;
    CARD=BLLNK||'II$=0'; CALL PNCH;
    CARD=BLLNK||;
'IBUF$=1'; CALL PNCH;
    CARD=' 9 READ (IBUF$,1050) BFR$'; CALL PNCH;
    CARD=
1050 FORMAT (20A4)  ''; CALL PNCH;
    CARD= BLLNK||'IF (BFR$(1) .EQ. END$) GO TO 13';CALL PNCH;
    CARD=BLLNK||;
'BACKSPACE IBUF$  '; CALL PNCH;
    CARD=BLLNK||;
'II$=II$+1  '; CALL PNCH;
    CARD=BLLNK||;
'* READ (IBUF$,1003)  ';
    END;
ELSE DO;
    CARD=BLLNK||'DO 13 II$=1,ND$'; CALL PNCH;
    CARD=' 13 READ (IN$, 1003)' ;
    END;
/*SET UP FIRST ITEM IN DATA LIST
 */
IF TNAMES(1)=DVNAME THEN CALL CAT( 'YD$(II$)' );
ELSE DO;
    IF TNAMES(1)="ERROR" THEN DO;
        ERR='1'B;
        CALL CAT ('WS$(II$)' ) ;
        GO TO LOOP;
        END;
    IF TNAMES(1)="WEIGHT" THEN CALL CAT('WS$(II$)' );
    ELSE DO;
        DO J=1 TO NIV WHILE (IVNAMES(J)=
TNAMES(1));END;
        CALL CAT('XD$(||J||',II$)' );
        END;
    END;
/*FINISH DATA LIST*/
LOOP: DO I=2 TO NUM;
    IF TNAMES(I)=DVNAME THEN CALL CAT(' ,YD$(II$)' );
    ELSE DO;
        IF TNAMES(I)="ERROR" THEN DO;
            ERR='1'B;
            CALL CAT(' ,WS$(II$)' ) ;
            GO TO ENDLP;
            END;
        IF TNAMES(I)="WEIGHT" THEN CALL CAT(' ,WS$(II$)' );
        ELSE DO;
00001130
00001140
00001150
00001160
00001170
00001180
00001190
00001200
00001210
00001220
00001230
00001240
00001250
00001260
00001270
00001280
00001290
00001300
00001310
00001320
00001330
00001340
00001350
00001360
00001370
00001380
00001390
00001400
00001410
00001420
00001430
00001440
00001450
00001460
00001470
00001480
00001490
00001500
00001510
00001520
00001530
00001540
00001550
00001560
00001570
00001580
00001590
00001600
00001610
00001620
00001630
00001640
00001650
00001660
00001670
00001680

```

## LISTINGS FOR TRANSLATOR

MEMBER NAME VMMTR

```

DO J=1 TO NIV WHILE (IVNAMES(J)~=
    TNAMES(I));END;
CALL CAT ('',XDS('||J||',II$) );
END;

ENDP:      END;
CALL PNCH;
IF DFMT THEN DO;
    CARD=BLNK|| 'GO TO 9'; CALL PNCH;
    CARD=' 13 ND$=II$'; CALL PNCH  ;
    END;
    CARD=BLNK||'DO 11 I$=1,ND$'; CALL PNCH;
CARD=BLNK||'WS$(I$)= W$(I$)'; CALL PNCH;
IF ERR THEN
    CARD=' 11 WS$(I$)=1./ (WS$(I$)*WS$(I$))';
ELSE CARD=' 11 CONTINUE';
CALL PNCH; /*CONSTRUCT FORMAT FOR READING DATA*/ 00001860
IF DFMT THEN DO; 00001870
    CARD=' 1003 FORMAT(';
CNTFMT:    CALL CAT(SUBSTR(CLST(ICD),2,40));
    CALL CAT(SUBSTR(CLST(ICD),42,40));
    /* CHECK FOR CONTINUATIONS */ 00001910
    ICD=ICD+1;
    CH=SUBSTR(CLST(ICD),1,1);
    IF CH=DATAFMT THEN GO TO CNTFMT;
    CALL CAT ('');
    CALL PNCH;
    END;
    ELSE DO;
    CARD=' 1003 FORMAT (6E12.0)' ; CALL PNCH;
    END;
INSRTCK: CARD='C  IF THERE IS AN INSERT 1, IT GOES HERE'; CALL PNCH; 00002010
    IF CH=INSERT_1 THEN DO;
        LEVEL='1';
        CALL CDCHECK;
        CH=SUBSTR(CLST(ICD),1,1);
        END;
NXTBLK: CARD='C'; CALL PNCH; 00002070
    CALL BLOCK3;
    CARD='C  IF THERE IS AN INSERT 2, IT GOES HERE'; CALL PNCH; 00002090
    IF CH=INSERT_2 THEN DO;
        LEVEL='2';
        CALL CDCHECK;
        CH=SUBSTR(CLST(ICD),1,1);
        END;
        CALL BLOCK4;
        CARD='C  IF THERE IS AN INSERT 3, IT GOES HERE OR AFTER FUNCTI000002160
N OR DERIVATIVE'; CALL PNCH; 00002170
        CARD='C STATEMENTS'; CALL PNCH; 00002180
ENDCK: IF ICD=NCD$ THEN GO TO LSECT; 00002190
    LEVEL=SUBSTR(CLST(ICD),2,1);
    IF LEVEL='3'|LEVEL='C' THEN DO;
        IF CATCALL THEN DO;
            CALL PNCH;
            CATCALL='0*B'; 00002240

```

## LISTINGS FOR TRANSLATOR

```

MEMBER NAME VMMTR
      END;
      LEVEL="3";
      CALL CDCHECK;
      GO TO ENOCK;
      END;
      IF (LEVEL="4")||(LEVEL="5") THEN GO TO LSECT;
      /* LOOK FOR = SIGN    */
      I=INDEX(CLST(ICD),"=");
      IF I=0 THEN DO;
      NSTR=(O)' ';
      DO I=2 TO 81;
      CH=SUBSTR(CLST(ICD),I,1);
      IF CH=" " THEN NSTR=NSTR||CH;
      END;
      L=LENGTH(NSTR)-66;
      IF L>0 THEN DO;
      CALL CAT(SUBSTR(NSTR,1,66));
      CALL CAT (SUBSTR(NSTR,67,L));
      END;
      ELSE CALL CAT(NSTR);
      CATCALL= '1'B;
      ICD=ICD+1;
      GO TO ENOCK;
      END;
      /*AN = SIGN WAS FOUND */ *00002490
      IF CATCALL THEN CALL PNCH;
      CATCALL='0'B;
      CARD2=SUBSTR(CLST(ICD),2,80);
      CALL RDCD(LSTR,RSTR,NSTR,CARD2);
      SETY :IF LSTR=DPNAME THEN DO;
      CARD=BLNK||'YS="';
      CALL CAT(RSTR);
      CATCALL='1'B;
      ICD=ICD+1;
      GO TO ENOCK;
      END;
      L=LENGTH(LSTR)-1;
      /* LOOK FOR PARAMETER NAME */
      DO I= 1 TO NPAR WHILE(SUBSTR(LSTR,2,L)=PNAME(I));   END;
      IF I>NPAR THEN DO;
      PUT LIST (' WORD ',LSTR,' IS NEITHER A KEY WORD NOR THE NA00002650
ME OF THE DEPENDENT VARIABLE NOR A DPNAME FOR A PARAMETER NAME');
      SIGNAL ERROR;
      STOP;
      END;
      SETPAR :CARD=BLNK||"GGG$('||I||')=";
      CALL CAT (RSTR);
      CATCALL='1'B;
      ICD=ICD+1;
      GO TO ENOCK;
      LSECT :  IF CATCALL THEN CALL PNCH;
      CARD = 'C END OF POSSIBLE INSERT 3';  CALL PNCH;
      CALL BLOCKS;
      CARD='C IF THERE IS AN INSERT 4, IT GOES HERE';  CALL PNCH;
      IF LEVEL="4" THEN CALL CDCHECK;
      CALL MKFMT;
      00002250
      00002260
      00002270
      00002280
      00002290
      00002300
      00002310
      00002320
      00002330
      00002340
      00002350
      00002360
      00002370
      00002380
      00002390
      00002400
      00002410
      00002420
      00002430
      00002440
      00002450
      00002460
      00002470
      00002480
      00002490
      00002500
      00002510
      00002520
      00002530
      00002540
      00002550
      00002560
      00002570
      00002580
      00002590
      00002600
      00002610
      00002620
      00002630
      00002640
      00002650
      00002660
      00002670
      00002680
      00002690
      00002700
      00002710
      00002720
      00002730
      00002740
      00002750
      00002760
      00002770
      00002780
      00002790
      00002800

```

## LISTINGS FOR TRANSLATOR

```

MEMBER NAME VMMTR
  CARD = 'C'; CALL PNCH;                               00002810
  CALL BLOCK6;                                         00002820
  CARD='C IF THERE IS AN INSERT 5, IT GOES HERE';    00002830
  CALL PNCH;                                           00002840
  IF SUBSTR(CLST(ICD),1,1)=INSERT_5 THEN DO;        00002850
    LEVEL='5';
    CALL CDCHECK;
    END;
  CALL BLOCK7;
  CALL DTPR;
ORDER :PROC(NSPEC,SPECS,CARD);                      00002860
  DCL (WSPEC CHAR(6),CARD CHAR(80))VAR,SPECS(20)  CHAR(6) VAR,
  CH CHAR(1);
  I1=1;                                                 00002870
  L=LENGTH(CARD);                                     00002880
  L1=L+1;
  WSPEC=(0)' ';
  NSPEC=0;
TSTLP: DO I=I1 TO L WHILE (SUBSTR(CARD,I,1)~=';');
  CH=SUBSTR(CARD,I,1);
  IF CH=~' ' THEN WSPEC=WSPEC||CH;
  END TSTLP;
/*                                                 IF I=81, NONE OF THE CHARACTERS      00002910
   FROM I1 ON ARE ''                      */00002900
  IF I=L1 THEN DO;                                 00002950
    IF WSPEC=(0)' ' THEN DO;
      ICD=ICD+1;
      CARD=SUBSTR(CLST(ICD),2,80);
      I1=1;
      L=80;
      L1=81;
      GO TO TSTLP; END;
    ELSE DO;
      NSPEC=NSPEC + 1;
      SPECS(NSPEC) = WSPEC;
      RETURN;
      END;
    END;
  ELSE DO;
    NSPEC = NSPEC+1;
    SPECS(NSPEC) = WSPEC;
    IF I=L THEN DO;
      ICD=ICD+1;
      CARD=SUBSTR(CLST(ICD),2,80);
      I1=1;
      L1=81;
      L=80;
      WSPEC=(0)' ';
      GO TO TSTLP;END;
    ELSE DO;
      I1=I+1;
      WSPEC=(0)' ';
      GO TO TSTLP;END;
    END;
  RETURN ;
END ORDER;

```

## LISTINGS FOR TRANSLATOR

```

MEMBER NAME VMMTR
PNCH:PROC;
  DCL CDO CHAR(80) STATIC,CARD CHAR(80) VAR EXTERNAL;
  CDO=CARD;
  PUT FILE(PROG) EDIT (CDO) (A(80));
/* PUT DATA (CDO) SKIP(2); */
  RETURN;
END PNCH;

CAT :PROC(BCD);DCL CARD CHAR(80) VAR EXT;
  DCL(BCD CHAR(66)VAR,CDETM CHAR(138)VAR);
  CDETM=CARD||BCD;
  L=LENGTH(CDETM);
  IF L<73 THEN DO;
    CARD=CDETM;
    RETURN;END;
  ELSE;CARD=SUBSTR(CDETM,1,72);
  CALL PNCH;L=L-72;CARD=" X'||SUBSTR(CDETM,73,L);
  RETURN;END CAT;
  PROC;
  DCL CD CHAR(80) VAR;
  ON ENDFILE(SYSIN) BEGIN;
    PUT LIST (' END OF CASES' );
    CLOSE FILE(CDFILE),FILE(SYSIN),FILE(PROG),FILE(SYSPRINT),
    FILE (SYSPNCH);
    GO TO LAST;
    END;
  CD=*PARAMETERS=' ||PNAMES(1);
  N=2;
  IF NPAR>1 THEN DO;
    DO I=N TO NPAR;
      CD=CD||',';
      L=LENGTH(CD)||PNAMES(I));
      IF L>79 THEN GO TO PTCD;
      CD=CD||PNAMES(I);
      END;
  PTCD: CARD2=CD;
  CD=PNAMES(I);
  PUT FILE (CDFILE) EDIT (CARD2) (A(80));
  PUT FILE (SYSPNCH) EDIT (CARD2) (A(80));
  N=I+1;
  IF N<=NPAR THEN GO TO PLP;
  END;
  /*IF NPAR=1, OUTPUT THE NAME*/
ELSE DO;
  CARD2=CD;
  PUT FILE(CDFILE) EDIT (CARD2)(A(80));
  PUT FILE (SYSPNCH)EDIT (CARD2) (A(80));
  END;
  /*IF "DATA FORMAT" WAS SPECIFIED,
  ITST=1. IF NOT, ITST=0. IF ALL
  DATA READING IS SPECIALLY
  PROGRAMMED WITH AN INSERT 1,
  INSRT=1. OTHERWISE, INSRT=0.
  IN ANY CASE, OUTPUT NUM,ITST, AND
  INSRT */
  IF DFMT THEN ITST= 1;
  ELSE ITST=0;
  00003370
  00003380
  00003390
  00003400
  00003410
  00003420
  00003430
  00003440
  00003450
  00003460
  00003470
  00003480
  00003490
  00003500
  00003510
  00003520
  00003530
  00003540
  00003550
  00003560
  00003570
  00003580
  00003590
  00003600
  00003610
  00003620
  00003630
  00003640
  00003650
  00003660
  00003670
  00003680
  00003690
  00003700
  00003710
  00003720
  00003730
  00003740
  00003750
  00003760
  00003770
  00003780
  00003790
  00003800
  00003810
  00003820
  00003830
  00003840
  00003850
  00003860
  00003870
  00003880
  00003890
  00003900
  00003910
  00003920

```

## LISTINGS FOR TRANSLATOR

```

MEMBER NAME VMMTR
    IF RINSRT THEN INSRT=1;
    ELSE INSRT=0;
    PUT STRING (CARD2) LIST (NUM,ITST,INSRT);
    PUT FILE(CDFILE) EDIT (CARD2) (A(80));
    PUT FILE (SYSPNCH) EDIT (CARD2) (A(80));
                                /*PUT THE DATA,AS IT IS, ON
                                CDFILE
GETCD: GET EDIT (CARD2) (A(80));
        PUT FILE (CDFILE) EDIT (CARD2) (A(80));
        GO TO GETCD;
LAST: RETURN;
END DTPR;
CDCHECK:PROC;
    DCL CH CHAR(1);
FIRST: CARD2=SUBSTR(CLST(ICD),2,80);
    CH=SUBSTR(CARD2,1,1);
    IF CH=LEVEL THEN DO;
        CARD='||SUBSTR(CARD2,2,79)';
        CALL PNCH;
        ICD=ICD+1;
        GO TO FIRST;
        END;
    IF CH='C' THEN DO;
        CARD=CARD2;
        CALL PNCH;
        ICD=ICD+1;
        GO TO FIRST;
        END;
    CARD='C END OF INSERT'||LEVEL;
    CALL PNCH;
    RETURN;
    END CDCHECK;
MKFMT: PROC;
    DCL FMT CHAR(6) VAR;
    FMT=DVNAME;
    L=6-LENGTH(DVNAME);
    IF L>0 THEN DO;
        DO I=1 TO L;
        FMT='||FMT';
        END;
        END;
    CARD=' 2006 FORMAT (1H0,2X,"'||FMT||" DATA   '||FMT||'
    ' CALC'',5X,"RESIDUAL'";
    IF ERR THEN CALL CAT ('',7X,"ERROR",8X,'');
    ELSE CALL CAT ('',7X,"WEIGHT",7X,'');
    CALL CAT ('''WEIGHTED'',4X,'');
    IF NIV=1 THEN DO;
        CALL CAT ('''||IVNAMES(1)||' DATA''/6IX,"RESIDUAL"/6IX,0000400
    ''SQUARED'||');
        CALL PNCH;
        RETURN;
        END;
    CALL CAT('''INDEPENDENT VARIABLE DATA (VARIABLES IN ORDER '
    ||IVNAMES(1)||',/');
    CALL CAT ('6IX,"RESIDUAL",4X,"'||IVNAMES(2)||';
    IF NIV=2 THEN DO;

```

## LISTINGS FOR TRANSLATOR

```

MEMBER NAME  VMMTR          00004490
              CALL CAT ('')"/6IX,""SQUARED""/");
              CALL PNCH;
              RETURN;
              END;
IF NIV<=8 THEN DO;           00004500
  DO I=3 TO NIV;
    CALL CAT ('', |||IVNAMES(I));
    END;
  CALL CAT ('')"/6IX,""SQUARED""/");
  CALL PNCH;
  RETURN;
  END;
DO I=3 TO 8;
  CALL CAT ('', |||IVNAMES(I));
  END;
CALL CAT ('','"/6IX,""SQUARED"",5X,"|||IVNAMES(9));
IF NIV=9 THEN CALL CAT ('')"/");
ELSE CALL CAT ('', |||IVNAMES(10)||"");
CALL PNCH;
RETURN;
END MKFMT;
BLOCK1: PROC;                00004610
GET FILE (RDFILE)EDIT(CARD) (A(80));
IF SUBSTR(CARD ,1,6) ~='BLOCK1' THEN DO;
  PUT LIST (' BLOCK NAME 1 NOT GIVEN');
  SIGNAL ERROR;
  STOP;
  END;
GTPRG: GET FILE (RDFILE) EDIT (CARD) (A(80));
IF SUBSTR(CARD,1,3) = 'END' THEN RETURN;
CALL PNCH;
GO TO GTPRG;
END BLOCK1;
BLOCK2: PROC;                00004700
GET FILE (RDFILE)EDIT(CARD) (A(80));
IF SUBSTR(CARD ,1,6) ~='BLOCK2' THEN DO;
  PUT LIST (' BLOCK NAME 2 NOT GIVEN');
  SIGNAL ERROR;
  STOP;
  END;
GTPRG: GET FILE (RDFILE) EDIT (CARD) (A(80));
IF SUBSTR(CARD,1,3) = 'END' THEN RETURN;
CALL PNCH;
GO TO GTPRG;
END BLOCK2;
BLOCK3: PROC;                00004800
GET FILE (RDFILE)EDIT(CARD) (A(80));
IF SUBSTR(CARD ,1,6) ~='BLOCK3' THEN DO;
  PUT LIST (' BLOCK NAME 3 NOT GIVEN');
  SIGNAL ERROR;
  STOP;
  END;
GTPRG: GET FILE (RDFILE) EDIT (CARD) (A(80));
IF SUBSTR(CARD,1,3) = 'END' THEN RETURN;
CALL PNCH;
GO TO GTPRG;

```

## LISTINGS FOR TRANSLATOR

```

MEMBER NAME VMMTR
    END BLOCK3;                                00005050
BLOCK4: PROC;
    GET FILE (RDFILE)EDIT(CARD) (A(80));
    IF SUBSTR(CARD ,1,6) ~= "BLOCK4" THEN DO;
        PUT LIST (' BLOCK NAME 4 NOT GIVEN');
        SIGNAL ERROR;
        STOP;
    END;
GTPRG:  GET FILE (RDFILE) EDIT (CARD) (A(80));
    IF SUBSTR(CARD,1,3) = 'END' THEN RETURN;
    CALL PNCH;
    GO TO GTPRG;
    END BLOCK4;
BLOCK5: PROC;
    GET FILE (RDFILE)EDIT(CARD) (A(80));
    IF SUBSTR(CARD ,1,6) ~= "BLOCK5" THEN DO;
        PUT LIST (' BLOCK NAME 5 NOT GIVEN');
        SIGNAL ERROR;
        STOP;
    END;
GTPRG:  GET FILE (RDFILE) EDIT (CARD) (A(80));
    IF SUBSTR(CARD,1,3) = 'END' THEN RETURN;
    CALL PNCH;
    GO TO GTPRG;
    END BLOCK5;
BLOCK6: PROC;
    GET FILE (RDFILE)EDIT(CARD) (A(80));
    IF SUBSTR(CARD ,1,6) ~= "BLOCK6" THEN DO;
        PUT LIST (' BLOCK NAME 6 NOT GIVEN');
        SIGNAL ERROR;
        STOP;
    END;
GTPRG:  GET FILE (RDFILE) EDIT (CARD) (A(80));
    IF SUBSTR(CARD,1,3) = 'END' THEN RETURN;
    CALL PNCH;
    GO TO GTPRG;
    END BLOCK6      ;
BLOCK7: PROC;
    GET FILE (RDFILE)EDIT(CARD) (A(80));
    IF SUBSTR(CARD ,1,6) ~= "BLOCK7" THEN DO;
        PUT LIST (' BLOCK NAME 7 NOT GIVEN');
        SIGNAL ERROR;
        STOP;
    END;
GTPRG:  GET FILE (RDFILE) EDIT (CARD) (A(80));
    IF SUBSTR(CARD,1,3) = 'END' THEN RETURN;
    CALL PNCH;
    GO TO GTPRG;
    END BLOCK7      ;
CLASS:  PROC;
    DCL ADCHAR CHAR(1),INDEQ FIXED BIN;
    ALLOCATE COAR(100) CHAR(81);
    NCDS=100;
    NRD=0;
    ADCHAR=PARAMETERS;
GETCD:  GET EDIT(CARD2)(A(80));

```

## LISTINGS FOR TRANSLATOR

```

MEMBER NAME VMMTRR
PUT DATA (CARD2) SKIP;
IF CARD2=('END'||(77)' ') THEN RETURN;
NRD=NRD+1;
CH=SUBSTR(CARD2,1,1);
/* LOOK FOR INSERT */
IF ('0'<=CH)&('5'>=CH) THEN DO;
  IF CH='0' THEN DO;
    ADCHAR=INSERT_0;
    CDAR(NCDS)=(ADCHAR||CARD2);
    GO TO CKNCD;
  END;
  IF CH='1' THEN DO;
    ADCHAR=INSERT_1;
    CDAR(NCDS)=(ADCHAR||CARD2);
    GO TO CKNCD;
  END;
  IF CH='2' THEN DO;
    ADCHAR=INSERT_2;
    CDAR(NCDS)=(ADCHAR||CARD2);
    GO TO CKNCD;
  END;
  IF CH='3' THEN DO;
    ADCHAR=INSERT_3;
    CDAR(NCDS)=(ADCHAR||CARD2);
    GO TO CKNCD;
  END;
  IF CH='4' THEN DO;
    ADCHAR=INSERT_4;
    CDAR(NCDS)=(ADCHAR||CARD2);
    GO TO CKNCD;
  END;
  ADCHAR=INSERT_5;
  CDAR(NCDS)=(ADCHAR||CARD2);
  GO TO CKNCD;
END;
IF CH='=' THEN DO;
  CDAR(NCDS)=(ADCHAR||CARD2);
  GO TO CKNCD;
END;
/* CHECK FOR = SIGN */
INDEQ=INDEX(CARD2,'=');
IF INDEQ=0 THEN DO;
  NSTR=(0)' ';
  DO I=1 TO 80;
    CH=SUBSTR(CARD2,I,1);
    IF CH=<= ' ' THEN NSTR=(NSTR||CH);
    IF LENGTH(NSTR)=10 THEN GO TO TSTFMT;
  END;
TSTFMT: IF NSTR='DATAFORMAT' THEN DO;
  ADCHAR=DATAFMT;
  ISTR=I+1;
  CDAR(NCDS)=(ADCHAR||SUBSTR(CARD2,ISTR,80));
  GO TO CKNCD;
END;
/*IF THE CARD IS NOT A DATA FORMAT SPECIFICATION, A CONTINUATION*/

```

## LISTINGS FOR TRANSLATOR

MEMBER NAME VMMTR

```

IS ASSUMED/*
CDAR(NCDS)=(ADCHAR||CARD2);
GO TO CKNCD;
END;
CALL ROCDF(LSTR,RSTR,NSTR,CARD2);
IF LSTR='PARAMETERS' THEN DO;
ADCHAR=PARAMETERS;
CDAR(NCDS)=(ADCHAR||RSTR||NSTR);
GO TO CKNCD;
END;
IF LSTR='DV' THEN DO;
ADCHAR=DV;
CDAR(NCDS)=(ADCHAR||RSTR||NSTR);
GO TO CKNCD;
END ;
IF LSTR='IV' THEN DO;
ADCHAR=IV ;
CDAR(NCDS)=(ADCHAR||RSTR||NSTR);
GO TO CKNCD;
END;
IF LSTR='DATA' THEN DO;
ADCHAR=DATA;
CDAR(NCDS)=(ADCHAR||RSTR||NSTR);
GO TO CKNCD;
END;
IF LSTR='DATAFORMAT' THEN DO;
ADCHAR=DATAFMT;
CDAR(NCDS)=(ADCHAR||SUBSTR(CARD2,INDEQ+1,80));
GO TO CKNCD;
END;
/* ASSUME HERE THAT ANY OTHER CARD CONTAINING = GIVES A FORMULA FOR THE DEPENDENT VARIABLE OR A DERIVATIVE */00006470
ADCHAR=INSERT_3;
CDAR(NCDS)=(ADCHAR||CARD2);00006510
CKNCD: NCDS=NCDS-1;00006520
      IF NCDS>0 THEN GO TO GETCD;00006530
      ALLOCATE CDAR(100) CHAR(81);00006540
      NCDS=100;00006550
      GO TO GETCD;00006560
      END CLASS;00006570
STORE: PROC;00006580
      DCL (ICD,K,I) FIXED BINARY ;00006590
      /* THIS ROUTINE ARRANGES THE TAGGED CARD IMAGES IN ORDER FROM FIRST TO LAST READ AND STORES THEM IN */00006610
      /*00006620
      C00006630
      00006640
      00006650
      00006660
      00006670
      00006680
      00006690
      00006700
      00006710
      00006720
      NAL=NRD+1;
      ALLOCATE CLST(NAL) CHAR(81);00006660
      CLST(NAL)=(81)' ';
      K=NCDS;00006670
      DO I=NRD TO 1 BY -1;00006680
          K=K+1;00006690
          CLST(I) = CDAR(K);00006700
          IF K=100 THEN DO;00006710

```

## LISTINGS FOR TRANSLATOR

|             |  |          |
|-------------|--|----------|
| MEMBER NAME | VMMTR  |          |
|             | FREE CDAR;   | 00006730 |
|             | K=0;   | 00006740 |
|             | END;   | 00006750 |
|             | END;   | 00006760 |
|             | NCDS=NRD;  | 00006770 |
|             | RETURN;  | 00006780 |
|             | END STORE;   | 00006790 |
| SUBSTR:     | PROC(STR,IS,L) CHAR (256) VAR;                               | 00006800 |
|             | DCL STR CHAR(256) VAR,(IS,L)FIXED BINARY;                    | 00006810 |
|             | DCL S CHAR(256) VAR;   | 00006820 |
|             | DCL SUBSTR BUILTIN;  | 00006830 |
|             | M=L;   | 00006840 |
|             | LN=LENGTH(STR);  | 00006850 |
|             | IF L+IS-1>LN THEN M=LN-IS+1;                                 | 00006860 |
|             | IF IS>LN THEN S=(0)' ';                                      | 00006870 |
|             | ELSE S=SUBSTR(STR,IS,M);                                     | 00006880 |
|             | RETURN (S);  | 00006890 |
|             | END;   | 00006900 |
| RDCD        | :PROC(LSTR,RSTR,RTSTR,CARD);                                 | 00006910 |
|             | DCL CH CHAR(1) STATIC,CARD CHAR(80);                         | 00006920 |
|             | ( LSTR,RSTR,RTSTR)VAR CHAR(80) ;                             | 00006930 |
|             | LSTR,RSTR,RTSTR=(0)' ';                                      | 00006940 |
|             | DO IL=1 TO 80 WHILE (SUBSTR(CARD,IL,1)~='=');                | 00006950 |
|             | CH=SUBSTR(CARD,IL,1);IF CH=' ' THEN GO TO L1001;             | 00006960 |
|             | ELSE LSTR=LSTR  CH;  | 00006970 |
| L1001       | :END;  | 00006980 |
|             | IF IL=80 THEN DO;PUT LIST('NO = SIGN FOUND IN THIS CARD ',   | 00006990 |
|             | CARD);GO TO ERROR;END;                                       | 00007000 |
|             | DO IR=IL+1 TO 80   | 00007010 |
|             | WHILE (SUBSTR(CARD,IR,1)~='=');                              | 00007020 |
|             | CH=SUBSTR(CARD,IR,1);IF CH=' ' THEN GO TO L1002;             | 00007030 |
|             | ELSE RSTR=RSTR  CH;  | 00007040 |
| L1002       | :END;  | 00007050 |
|             | IF IR=80 THEN RETURN;  | 00007060 |
|             | RTSTR=SUBSTR(CARD,IR+1,80);                                  | 00007070 |
|             | RETURN;  | 00007080 |
| ERROR       | :CLOSE FILE(SYSPRINT);SIGNAL ERROR;                          | 00007090 |
|             | END RDCD;  | 00007100 |
| BUBBLE:     | PROC;  | 00007110 |
|             | DCL TEMP CHAR(81),((SWAP, FALSE) INIT("0'B),TRUE INIT("1'B)) | 00007120 |
|             | BIT (8),SUBSTR BUILTIN;                                      | 00007130 |
| SWPLP:      | DO I=NCDS TO 2 BY -1;  | 00007140 |
|             | IF SUBSTR(CLST(I),1,1)<SUBSTR(CLST(I-1),1,1) THEN DO;        | 00007150 |
|             | TEMP=CLST(I-1);  | 00007160 |
|             | CLST(I-1)=CLST(I);   | 00007170 |
|             | CLST(I)=TEMP;  | 00007180 |
|             | SWAP=TRUE;   | 00007190 |
|             | END;   | 00007200 |
|             | END;   | 00007210 |
|             | IF SWAP=TRUE THEN DO;  | 00007220 |
|             | SWAP=FALSE;  | 00007230 |
|             | GO TO SWPLP;   | 00007240 |
|             | END;   | 00007250 |
|             | RETURN;  | 00007260 |
|             | END BUBBLE;  | 00007270 |
|             | END VMMTR;   | 00007280 |

## LISTINGS FOR TRANSLATOR

```

MEMBER NAME DATAPR
(SUBRG):
DATAPR: PROC OPTIONS(MAIN);                                00000010
  ON SUBSCRIPTRANGE BEGIN;                                00000020
    PUT LIST (' SUBSCRIPT RANGE INTERRUPT');
    CALL IHEDUMP;
  END;
  DCL SUBSTR ENTRY (,FIXED BINARY,FIXED BINARY) RETURNS 00000030
(CHAR (256) VARI;                                         00000040
  DCL CDFILE FILE OUTPUT, TEMP FILE,(CARD2,(LSTR,RSTR,NSTR)VAR) 00000050
  CHAR(80), PNAMES(40) CHAR(6) VAR, (NPAR,NUM,DFMT) FIXED BIN, 00000100
  (DATA(12),(GUESS,GUESSF,SD,SDF)(40)) FLOAT DEC,(FRST,NXTBIT(1))00000110
  INIT ('1'B), BL CHAR(1) INIT(' '), XFILE FILE OUTPUT; 00000120
  /*CHECK FOR END OF FILE */                            00000130
  ON ENDFILE(SYSIN) BEGIN;                                00000140
    PUT LIST (' END OF CASES');
    NXT='0'B;
    CLOSE FILE(SYSIN),FILE(CDFILE),FILE(SYSPRINT),        00000150
    FILE (XFILE),FILE (TEMP);
  END;
  OPEN FILE(CDFILE),FILE(TEMP) OUTPUT, FILE(SYSIN);      00000160
  GET EDIT(CARD2) (A(80));
  CALL ROD (LSTR,RSTR,NSTR,CARD2);                      00000170
  /*FIND PARAMETER NAMES*/
  IF LSTR=~'PARAMETERS' THEN DO;                         00000180
    PUT LIST(' PARAMETER NAMES NOT GIVEN');
    SIGNAL ERROR;
  END;
  CALL ORDER(NPAR,PNAMES,RSTR);                          00000190
  GET EDIT (CARD2) (A(80));
  GET STRING(CARD2) LIST (NUM,DFMT,INSRT);
  GET EDIT(CARD2) (A(80));                                00000200
  /*THIS IS THE CASE TITLE*/
START: PUT FILE (CDFILE) EDIT (CARD2) (A(80));          00000210
  IF FRST THEN DO;                                     00000220
    /*SET UP GUESSES TO BE STORED*/                    00000230
    FRST='0'B;
    DO J=1 TO NPAR;                                    00000240
      GET EDIT (CARD2) (A(80));
      CALL ROD (LSTR,RSTR,NSTR,CARD2);
      DO I=1 TO NPAR WHILE(LSTR=~PNAMES(I)); END;       00000250
      IF I=NPAR+1 THEN DO;
        PUT LIST ('THE PARAMETER NAME ',LSTR,             00000260
        'WAS NOT FOUND IN THE LIST OF PARAMETER NAMES'); 00000270
        SIGNAL ERROR;
      END;
      GUESSF(I)=RSTR;                                 00000280
      GUESSF(I)=GUESSF(I)+GUESSF(I)*.000001;           00000290
      IF NSTR='CONSTANT' THEN SDF(I)=0.0;               00000300
      ELSE DO;
        IF NSTR=(0)' ' THEN SDF(I)=-1.0;                00000310
        ELSE DO;
          SDF(I)=NSTR;                               00000320
          SDF(I)=SDF(I)+SDF(I)*.000001;               00000330
        END;
      END;
    END;                                              00000340
  END;                                              00000350
  00000360
  00000370
  00000380
  00000390
  00000400
  00000410
  00000420
  00000430
  00000440
  00000450
  00000460
  00000470
  00000480
  00000490
  00000500
  00000510
  00000520
  00000530
  00000540
  00000550
  00000560

```

## LISTINGS FOR TRANSLATOR

```

MEMBER NAME  DATAPR
END;
DO I=1 TO NPAR;
  GUESS(I)=GUESSF(I);
  SD(I)=SDF(I);
END;
/*CHECK FOR CHANGES IN PARAMETERS*/00000570
/*00000580
 00000590
 00000600
 00000610
 00000620
 00000630
 00000640
 00000650
 00000660
 00000670
 00000680
 00000690
 00000700
 00000710
 00000720
 00000730
 00000740
 00000750
 00000760
 00000770
 00000780
 00000790
 00000800
 00000810
 00000820
 00000830
 00000840
 00000850
 00000860
 00000870
 00000880
 00000890
 00000900
 00000910
 00000920
 00000930
 00000940
 00000950
 00000960
 00000970
 00000980
 00000990
 00001000
 00001010
 00001020
 00001030
 00001040
 00001050
 00001060
 00001070
 00001080
 00001090
 00001100
 00001110
 00001120
GTCD:  GET EDIT (CARD2) (A(80));
/*LOOK FOR = SIGN*/
DO I=1 TO 80 WHILE(SUBSTR(CARD2,I,1)!="="); END;
IF I=81 THEN DO;
  CALL RDCD(LSTR,RSTR,NSTR,CARD2);
  DO I=1 TO 80 WHILE (LSTR~=PNAMES(I)); END;
  IF I=NPAR+1 THEN DO;
    PUT LIST ('THE PARAMETER NAME ',LSTR,
    ' DOES NOT APPEAR IN THE LIST OF PARAMETERS');
    SIGNAL ERROR;
  END;
  GUESS(I)=RSTR;
  GUESS(I)=GUESS(I)+GUESS(I)*.000001;
  IF NSTR='CONSTANT' THEN SD(I)=0.0 ;
  ELSE DO;
    IF NSTR=(0)' ' THEN SD(I)=-1.0;
    ELSE DO;
      SD(I)=NSTR;
      SD(I)=SD(I)+SD(I)*.000001;
    END;
  END;
  GO TO GTCD;
END;
PUT FILE (CDFILE) EDIT((GUESS(I),SD(I) DO I=1 TO NPAR))
(2 E(12,5),X(56));
PUT FILE (CDFILE) EDIT (BL)(X(55),A(1));
IF INSRT=1 THEN DO;
  NPTS=500;
  PUT FILE (CDFILE) EDIT (NPTS,BL) (F(6,0),X(73),A(1));
  GO TO RXTRA;
END;
IF DFMT=~1 THEN DO;
  ON CONVERSION BEGIN;
    CLOSE FILE(TEMP);
    IF ONSOURCE=~"END" THEN DO;
      PUT LIST ('CONVERSION ERROR ON CHARACTER ',
      ONSOURCE,' OF STRING ',ONSOURCE );
      SIGNAL ERROR;
    END;
    GO TO PTFILE;
  END;
  OPEN FILE (TEMP) OUTPUT;
  NPTS=0;
  IF NUM<=6 THEN NX=6-NUM;
  ELSE NX=12-NUM;
  DO J=1 TO NUM;
    GET LIST (DATA(J));
    DATA(J) = DATA(J) + DATA(J)*.000001;
  END;
GTLST: 
```

## LISTINGS FOR TRANSLATOR

```

MEMBER NAME  DATAAPR
  PUT FILE (TEMP) EDIT ((DATA(J) DO J=1 TO NUM)) (6 E(12,5),00001130
    X(8));                                         00001140
  PUT FILE (TEMP) EDIT ((BL DO J=1 TO NX))(X(11),A(1)); 00001150
  PUT FILE (TEMP) EDIT (BL) (X(7),A(1));          00001160
  NPTS=NPTS+1;                                     00001170
  GO TO GTLST;                                    00001180
PTFILE:   GET EDIT (CARD2) (A(76));              00001190
  PUT FILE (CDFILE) EDIT (NPTS,BL) (F(6,0),X(73),A(1)); 00001200
  OPEN FILE(TEMP) INPUT;                         00001210
  ON ENDFILE (TEMP) BEGIN;
    CLOSE FILE(TEMP);                           00001230
    GO TO RXTRA;                                00001240
    END;
GTTMP:   GET FILE(TEMP) EDIT(CARD2) (A(80));      00001260
  PUT FILE (CDFILE) EDIT (CARD2)(A(80));        00001270
  GO TO GTTMP;                                 00001280
  END;
                                         /*IF A DATA FORMAT WAS GIVEN, THE
                                         FOLLOWING PROCESS IS USED      */ 00001300
                                         *//00001310
ELSE DO;
  OPEN FILE (XTFILE);
    NPTS=500;                                     00001320
  PUT FILE (CDFILE) EDIT (NPTS,BL) (F(6,0),X(73),A(1)); 00001330
  00001340
GTCD2:   GET EDIT (CARD2) (A(80));
  IF SUBSTR(CARD2,1,3) ~= 'END' THEN DO;
    PUT FILE (XTFILE) EDIT (CARD2) (A(80));       00001350
    00001360
    GO TO GTCD2;
    END;
  PUT FILE (XTFILE) EDIT (CARD2) (A(80));       00001370
    00001380
    GO TO GTCD2;
    END;
  PUT FILE (XTFILE) EDIT (CARD2) (A(80));       00001390
    00001400
  END;
RXTRA:  GET EDIT (CARD2) (A(80));
  IF SUBSTR(CARD2,1,3) = 'END' THEN DO;
    GET EDIT (CARD2) (A(80));
    IF NXT THEN GO TO START;                     00001410
    ELSE GO TO LAST;                           00001420
    END;
    PUT FILE (CDFILE) EDIT (CARD2) (A(80));      00001430
    00001440
    GO TO RXTRA;                                00001450
SUBSTR: PROC(STR,IS,L) CHAR (256) VAR;           00001460
  DCL STR CHAR(256) VAR,(IS,L)FIXED BINARY;     00001470
  DCL S CHAR(256) VAR;                         00001480
  DCL SUBSTR BUILTIN;
  M=L;
  LN=LENGTH(STR);                            00001490
  00001500
  IF L+IS-1>LN THEN M=LN-IS+1;
  IF IS>LN THEN S=(0)' ';
    ELSE S=SUBSTR(STR,IS,M);                  00001510
  RETURN (S);
  END;
  ORDER :PROC(NSPEC,SPECS,CARD);
  DCL (WSPEC CHAR(6),CARD CHAR(80))VAR,SPECS(20)  CHAR(6) VAR,
  CH CHAR(1);
  I1=1;
  L=LENGTH(CARD);                           00001520
  L1=L+1;
  WSPEC=(0)' ';                           00001530
                                         00001540
                                         00001550
                                         00001560
                                         00001570
                                         00001580
                                         00001590
                                         00001600
                                         00001610
                                         00001620
                                         00001630
                                         00001640
                                         00001650
                                         00001660
                                         00001670
                                         00001680

```

## LISTINGS FOR TRANSLATOR

```

MEMBER NAME DATAPR
NSPEC=0; 00001690
TSTLP: DO I=I1 TO L WHILE (SUBSTR(CARD,I,1)~=';');
CH=SUBSTR(CARD,I,1);
IF CH~=' ' THEN WSPEC=WSPEC||CH;
END TSTLP;
/* IF I=81, NONE OF THE CHARACTERS 00001740
   FROM I1 ON ARE ',' */ 00001750
IF I=L1 THEN DO; 00001760
  IF WSPEC=(0)' ' THEN DO;
    GET EDIT (CARD) (A(80)); 00001770
    I1=1; 00001780
    L=80; 00001790
    L1=81; 00001800
    GO TO TSTLP; END;
  ELSE DO;
    NSPEC=NSPEC + 1; 00001810
    SPEC$(NSPEC) = WSPEC; 00001820
    RETURN; 00001830
    END;
  END;
ELSE DO; 00001840
  NSPEC = NSPEC+1; 00001850
  SPEC$($NSPEC) = WSPEC; 00001860
  IF I=L THEN DO; 00001870
    GET EDIT (CARD) (A(80)); 00001880
    I1=1; 00001890
    L1=81; 00001900
    L=80; 00001910
    WSPEC=(0)' ';
    GO TO TSTLP; END;
  ELSE DO; 00001920
    I1=I+1; 00001930
    WSPEC=(0)' ';
    GO TO TSTLP; END;
  END;
RETURN ; 00001940
END ORDER; 00002050
RDCD :PROC(LSTR,RSTR,RTSTR,CARD); 00002060
DCL CH CHAR(1) STATIC,CARD CHAR(80); 00002070
DCL (LSTR,RSTR,RTSTR)VAR CHAR(80) : 00002080
LSTR,RSTR,RTSTR=(0)' ';
DO IL=1 TO 80 WHILE (SUBSTR(CARD,IL,1)~=';');
CH=SUBSTR(CARD,IL,1);IF CH=' ' THEN GO TO L1001;
ELSE LSTR=LSTR||CH;
L1001 :END; 00002110
IF IL=80 THEN DO;PUT LIST("NO = SIGN FOUND IN THIS CARD ", 00002130
  CARD);GO TO ERROR;END;
DO IR=IL+1 TO 80; 00002140
  WHILE (SUBSTR(CARD,IR,1)~=';');
  CH=SUBSTR(CARD,IR,1);IF CH=' ' THEN GO TO L1002; 00002150
  ELSE RSTR=RSTR||CH; 00002160
L1002 :END; 00002170
IF IR=80 THEN RETURN; 00002180
RTSTR=SUBSTR(CARD,IR+1,80); 00002190
RETURN; 00002200
ERROR :CLOSE FILE(SYSPRINT);SIGNAL ERROR; 00002210
END RDCD; 00002220
LAST: CALL DVDN ; 00002230
END DATAPR; 00002240
                                         00002250
                                         00002260
                                         00002270

```

## LISTINGS FOR TRANSLATOR

```

MEMBER NAME SKFCN
BLOCK1
    SUBROUTINE FCNS(NP$,GS,F$,R$,MM1$)                                00000010
    REAL*8 PNAME$                                                       00000020
    COMMON H$(40,40),PP$(40),GG$(40),S$(40),XP$(40),GP$(40),T$(40),   00000030
    IGB$(40),FF$,GS$,EL$,SL$,FP$,GSP$,TO$,Z$,Q$,A$,GSS$,F0$,GTP$,FB$,  00000040
    2GTT$,GSB$,FAC$,DELTAS$,E$,RS$,C$(40,10),N$,K$,NC$,NSSW1$,NSSW2$,MS$ 00000050
    3 ,IT$,M1$,L$                                                       00000060
    DIMENSION HSTOR$(40,40),GINT$(40),CORRS$(40)                         00000070
    DIMENSION CASET$(20),ESTP$(40),SD$(40),PS$(40),YD$(500),W$(500),   00000080
    1XD$(20,500),XS$(20),G$(40),GGG$(40),GENT$(20),YSAVE$(500),        00000090
    2PSAVE$(40),GSAVE$(40),YC$(500),PNAME$(40),R$(40)                      00000100
    00000110
END
BLOCK2
    DO 4 I$=1,NP$                                                       00000120
  4 P$(I$)=R$(I$)                                                       00000130
    GO TO (5,15,65,45), MM1$                                              00000140
  5 IN$=5                                                               00000150
    IO$=6                                                               00000160
    IP$=7                                                               00000170
    NC$=0                                                               00000180
    K$=0                                                               00000190
    NSSW1$=0                                                            00000200
    NSSW2$=0                                                            00000210
    RS$=0.                                                               00000220
    E$=0                                                               00000230
    READ(IN$,1000,END=80)(CASET$(I$),I$=1,20)                            00000240
    READ(IN$,1001)(ESTP$(I$),SD$(I$),I$=1,NP$)                           00000250
    DO 10 I$=1,NP$                                                       00000260
    IF(SD$(I$).GE. 0.) GO TO 8
    SD$(I$)=.1*ESTP$(I$)
    IF(SD$(I$).EQ. 0.) SD$(I$)=.1                                         00000270
  8 P$(I$)=ESTP$(I$)
    R$(I$)=P$(I$)
    DO 10JJ$=1,NP$
    II$=I$
    H$(II$,JJ$)=0.
    IF (II$.EQ.JJ$) H$(II$,JJ$)=SD$(I$)*SD$(I$)
  10 CONTINUE
    READ(IN$,1002) ND$                                                 00000280
    DO 12 I$=1,ND$                                                       00000290
  12 W$(I$)=1.
END
BLOCK3
    15 F$=0                                                               00000300
END
BLOCK4
    DO 20 I$=1,NP$                                                       00000310
  20 G$(I$)=0.
    DO 30 II$=1,ND$                                                       00000320
    DO 25 JJ$=1,NX$                                                       00000330
    25 X$(JJ$)= XD$(JJ$,II$)                                             00000340
END
BLOCK5
    YC$(II$)=Y$                                                       00000350
    DF$=YD$(II$)-Y$                                                       00000360
    F$=F$+DF$*DF$*W$(II$)                                               00000370
    00000380
    00000390
    00000400
    00000410
    00000420
    00000430
    00000440
    00000450
    00000460
    00000470
    00000480
    00000490
    00000500
    00000510
    00000520
    00000530
    00000540
    00000550
    00000560

```

## LISTINGS FOR TRANSLATOR

```

MEMBER NAME  SKFCN
DFWS=W$(I$)*DF$*2.
DO 30 I$=1,NP$
30 G$(I$)=G$(I$)-GGG$(I$)*DFW$
IF(MM1$.NE.1) RETURN
FINT$=F$
DELTA$=1.
IDFS=ND$-NP$
DO 33 I$=1,NP$
IF ( SD$(I$) .EQ. 0. ) IDFS=IDFS+1
33 CONTINUE
CF$=IDFS/(2.*F$)
DO 35 II$=1,NP$
GINT$(II$)=G$(II$)
DO 35 JJ$=1,NP$
35 H$(II$,JJ$)=H$(II$,JJ$)*CF$
IF ( E$ .EQ. 0. ) E$=F$/{10.***6}
GO TO 50
45 IF ( RSS .EQ. 0. ) RSS=SQRT(F$)
IF ( F$.GT.FSAVE$) RETURN
50 FSAVE$=F$
DO 55 I$=1,NP$
PSAVE$(I$)=P$(I$)
GSAVE$(I$)=G$(I$)
II$=I$
DO 55 JJ$=1,NP$
55 HSTOR$(II$,JJ$)=H$(II$,JJ$)
DO 60 I$=1,ND$
60 YSAVE$(I$)=YC$(I$)
RETURN
65 WRITE (IO$,2001)
WRITE(IO$,2000)
WRITE (IO$,2002)(CASET$(I$),I$=1,20)
WRITE (IO$,2003)
IDFS=ND$-NP$
SE$=FSAVE$/IDFS
DO 70 I$=1,NP$
II$=I$
SS$=SQRT(2.*HSTOR$(II$,II$)*SE$)
70 WRITE(IO$,2004)PNAME$(I$),ESTPS$(I$),PSAVE$(I$),SS$,GINT$(I$),
1 GSAVE$(I$)
WRITE (IO$,2009) (PNAME$(I$),I$=1,NP$)
DO 73 II$=1,NP$
DO 72 JJ$=1,NP$
IF(HSTOR$(II$,II$).NE.0..AND.HSTOR$(JJ$,JJ$).NE.0.)GO TO 71
CORRS$(JJ$)=0.
GO TO 72
71 CORRS$(JJ$)=HSTOR$(II$,JJ$)/(SQRT(HSTOR$(II$,II$))*SQRT(HSTOR$(JJ$,JJ$)))
1
72 CONTINUE
73 WRITE (IO$,2010) PNAME$(II$),(CORRS$(JJ$),JJ$=1,NP$)
WRITE(IO$,2005)FINT$
WRITE(IO$,2007)FSAVE$
WRITE (IO$,2011)SE$,IDFS
WRITE(IO$,2006)
DO 75 II$=1,ND$
DF$=YD$(II$)-YSAVE$(II$)
00000570
00000580
00000590
00000600
00000610
00000620
00000630
00000640
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00001120

```

## LISTINGS FOR TRANSLATOR

```

MEMBER NAME  SKFCN
WSR$=W$(II$)* DF$*DF$
75 WRITE(10$,200)YD$(II$),YSAVE$(II$),DF$,WS$(II$),WSR$,
1      (XD$(JJ$,II$),JJ$=1,NX$)
END
BLOCK6
80 MM1$=3
END
BLOCK7
RETURN
1000 FORMAT( 20A4)          00001130
1001 FORMAT( 2E12.0)         00001140
1002 FORMAT( I6)             00001150
2001 FORMAT(29H1VARIABLE METRIC MINIMIZATION ) 00001160
2002 FORMAT(/1H ,20A4/ )     00001170
2003 FORMAT(15H PARAMETER NAME,5X,16HINITIAL ESTIMATE,5X,11HFINAL VALUE00001270
X,5X,18HSTANDARD DEVIATION,3X,37HINITIAL DERIVATIVE FINAL DERIVAT00001280
1IVE /)                   00001290
2004 FORMAT ( 5X,A6,3X,1P3E19.5,2E21.5)        00001300
2005 FORMAT(/ 46H INITIAL SUM OF THE WEIGHTED SQUARED RESIDUALS , 1PE1500001310
X.5)                      00001320
2007 FORMAT(/ 44H FINAL SUM OF THE WEIGHTED SQUARED RESIDUALS,1PE15.5/)00001330
2008 FORMAT (1P9E14.5/(70X,1P4E14.5))          00001340
2009 FORMAT (/ 19H CORRELATION MATRIX / (7X,9(5X,A6,3X))) 00001350
2010 FORMAT (1H ,A6,1P9E14.5/(7X,1P9E14.5))       00001360
2011 FORMAT (17H CHI SQUARE VALUE,1PE15.5,5X,18HDEGREES OF FREEDOM,I10)00001370
END                         00001380
END                          00001390

```

## LISTINGS FOR TRANSLATOR

```

MEMBER NAME DAVIDON
COMMON H(40,40),X(40),G(40),S(40),XP(40),GP(40),T(40),GB(40),00000010
      F,GS,EL,SL,FP,GSP,TO,Z,Q,A,GSS,F0,GTP,FB,GT,GSB, 00000020
1      FAC,DELTA,E,P,C(40,10),N,K,NC,NSSW1,NSSW2,MS,IT,M1,L 00000030
      COMMON/VMM2/IY 00000040
      1 IY=1 00000050
15     M1=1 00000060
      MS=0 00000070
100    IT=0 00000080
      CALL FCNS(N,G,F,X,M1) 00000090
      IF (M1.EQ.3) GO TO 1000 00000100
      IF (NSSW1.EQ.0) GO TO 120 00000110
      WRITE (6,8)IT,MS,F 00000120
      WRITE (6,10)(X(I),I=1,N) 00000130
      WRITE (6,13)(G(I),I=1,N) 00000140
120    IF (NC.EQ.0) GO TO 151 00000150
      DO 150 J=1,NC 00000160
      CALL MATMPY (N,N,H,C(1,J),S) 00000170
      CALL MATMPY(1,N,S,C(1,J),TO) 00000180
      IF (M1.NE. 1 .AND. TO .LE. E) GO TO 150 00000190
130    DO 140 II=1,N 00000200
      DO 140 JJ=1,N 00000210
140    H(II,JJ)=H(II,JJ)-S(II)*S(JJ)/TO 00000220
150    CONTINUE 00000230
151    CONTINUE 00000240
      M1=2 00000250
200    CALL READY 00000260
      IF (L-2) 570,300,500 00000270
300    CALL AIM 00000280
      IF (L.NE.1) GO TO 500 00000290
400    CALL FIRE 00000300
      IF (L.GT.2) GO TO 300 00000310
500    CALL DRESS 00000320
      GO TO 120 00000330
570    M1=4 00000340
      CALL FCNS(N,G,F,X,M1) 00000350
      M1=2 00000360
580    CALL STUFF 00000370
      IF (L.EQ.1) GO TO 100 00000380
800    M1=3 00000390
      IF(NSSW1.NE.0)WRITE(6,12)GS 00000400
900    IF(NSSW2.NE.0) WRITE (7,3)(X(I),I=1,N) 00000410
      CALL FCNS(N,G,F,X,M1) 00000420
      GO TO 15 00000430
1000   REWIND 6 00000440
      RETURN 00000450
3      FORMAT(6E12.5) 00000460
8      FORMAT(4H1IT I4,7H STEP I4,4H F=E14.5) 00000470
10     FORMAT(3H0X=8E14.5/(3H0 8E14.5)) 00000480
12     FORMAT(5H GS=,E14.5) 00000490
13     FORMAT(3H0G=8E14.5/(3H0 8E14.5)) 00000500
      END 00000510
      SUBROUTINE READY 00000520
COMMON H(40,40),X(40),G(40),S(40),XP(40),GP(40),T(40),GB(40),00000530
      F,GS,EL,SL,FP,GSP,TO,Z,Q,A,GSS,F0,GTP,FB,GT,GSB, 00000540
1      FAC,DELTA,E,P,C(40,10),N,K,NC,NSSW1,NSSW2,MS,IT,M1,L 00000550
      2 00000560
C

```

## LISTINGS FOR TRANSLATOR

```

MEMBER NAME DAVIDON
200 L=1 00000570
  CALL MATMPY(N,N,H,G,S) 00000580
  DO 205 I=1,N 00000590
205 S(I)=-S(I) 00000600
  CALL MATMPY(1,N,S,G,GS) 00000610
  IF (GS+E) 210,240,240 00000620
C 210 L=2 00000630
  EL=2.0 00000640
  TO=EL*F/GS 00000650
  IF (TO+EL) 213, 213, 212 00000660
212 EL=-TO 00000670
213 SL=-GS 00000680
  DO 215 I=1,N 00000690
215 XP(I)=X(I)+EL*S(I) 00000700
  CALL FCNS(N,GP,FP,XP,M1) 00000710
  CALL MATMPY(1,N,S,GP,GSP) 00000720
  IF (-GSP) 240,240,220 00000730
220 IF (F-FP) 240,240,225 00000740
220 IF (F-FP) 240,240,225 00000750
C 225 L=3 00000760
  IF(NSSW1.NE.0)PRINT 1 00000770
  FB=FP 00000780
  DO 230 I=1,N 00000790
  GB(I)=GP(I) 00000800
  T(I)=XP(I) 00000810
230 CONTINUE 00000820
  IF (EL-2.0) 240,235,240 00000830
00000840
C 235 L=4 00000850
  DELTA=DELTA+DELTA 00000860
  TO=1.0/SL 00000870
00000880
C 240 RETURN 00000890
1 FORMAT(10HOUNDERSHOT) 00000900
END 00000920
SUBROUTINE AIM 00000930
COMMON H(40,40),X(40),G(40),S(40),XP(40),GP(40),T(40),GB(40), 00000940
1 F,GS,EL,SL,FP,GSP,T0,Z,Q,A,GSS,F0,GTP,FB,GT,GSB, 00000950
2 FAC,DELTA,E,P,C(40,10),N,K,NC,NSSW1,NSSW2,MS,IT,M1,L 00000960
C 300 L=1 00000970
  Z=3.0/EL*(F-FP)+GS+GSP 00000980
  Q=ABS (Z*SQRT (1.0-(GS/Z)*(GSP/Z))) 00001000
  A=(Q-Z*GSP)/(Q+Q-GS+GSP) 00001010
  TO=EL/3.0*(Q+Q+Z+GSP)*A*A 00001020
  FO=FP-TO 00001030
  CALL MATMPY(N,N,H,GP,T) 00001040
  DO 305 I=1,N 00001050
305 T(I)=(GSP/SL)*S(I)-T(I) 00001060
  CALL MATMPY(1,N,T,GP,GTP) 00001070
  IF (TO+TO+GTP) 315,310,310 00001080
310 DO 312 I=1,N 00001090
312 T(I)=XP(I)+A*(X(I)-XP(I)) 00001100
  GO TO 340 00001110
315 IF (F+F+GTP) 310,320,320 00001120

```

## LISTINGS FOR TRANSLATOR

```

MEMBER NAME DAVIDON
320 DO 322 I=1,N
322 T(I)=T(I)+XP(I)
   CALL FCN$(N,GB,FB,T,M1)
   IF (FO-FB) 310,325,325
C
325 L=3
   IF (NSSW1.NE.0)PRINT 1
   DO 327 I=1,N
327 S(I)=T(I)-XP(I)
   CALL MATMPY(1,N,S,GB,GTT)
   GTT=GTT-GTP
   IF (GTT) 340,330,330
C
330 L=2
   GSS=GTT
   SL=-GTP
   EL=1.0
C
340 RETURN
1 FORMAT (9HORICOCHET)
END
SUBROUTINE FIRE
COMMON      H(40,40),X(40),G(40),S(40),XP(40),GP(40),T(40),GB(40),00001350
1           F,G$+EL,SL,FP,GSP,T0,Z,Q,A,GSS,F0,GTP,FB,GTT,GSB,
2           FAC,DELTA,E,P,C(40,10),N,K,NC,NSSW1,NSSW2,MS,IT,M1,L 00001370
   EQUIVALENCE (TEMP,GTT)
C
400 L=1
   TEMP=A/(1.0-A)
   CALL FCN$(N,GB,FB,T,M1)
   CALL MATMPY(1,N,S,GB,GSB)
   TO=F
   IF (TO-FP) 403, 403, 402
402 TO=FP
403 IF (TO-FB+E) 415, 405, 405
405 GSS=Q+Q
   TO=GSB*(TEMP-1.0/TEMP)
   IF (ABS (TO)-Q) 430,410,410
C
410 L=2
   GO TO 440
C
415 L=3
   IF (FP-F) 425,420,420
C
420 IF(NSSW1.NE.0) PRINT 1
   EL=(1.0-A)*EL
   FP=FB
   GSP=GSB
   DO 422 I=1,N
   XP(I)=T(I)
   GP(I)=GB(I)
422 CONTINUE
   GO TO 440
C
425 IF(NSSW1.NE.0) PRINT 2
00001130
00001140
00001150
00001160
00001170
00001180
00001190
00001200
00001210
00001220
00001230
00001240
00001250
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00001680

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## LISTINGS FOR TRANSLATOR

```

MEMBER NAME DAVIDON
EL=EL*A                                00001690
F=FB                                     00001700
GS=GSB                                    00001710
DO 427 I=1,N                               00001720
X(I)=T(I)                                 00001730
G(I)=GB(I)                                00001740
427 CONTINUE                               00001750
GO TO 440                                00001760
C                                         00001770
430 GSS=GSS+TO                            00001780
DO 435 I=1,N                               00001790
435 G(I)=(GB(I)-G(I))*TEMP+(GP(I)-GB(I))/TEMP 00001800
C                                         00001810
440 RETURN                                00001820
1 FORMAT(1OHOMOVE LEFT )                  00001830
2 FORMAT (11HOMOVE RIGHT)                 00001840
END                                       00001850
SUBROUTINE DRESS                          00001860
COMMON          H(40,40),X(40),G(40),S(40),XP(40),GP(40),T(40),GB(40), 00001870
1           F,GS,EL,SL,FP,GSP,TO,Z,Q,A,GSS,F0,GTP,FB,GTT,GSB, 00001880
2           FAC,DELTA,E,P,C(40,10),N,K,NC,NSSW1,NSSW2,MS,IT,M1,L 00001890
C                                         00001900
500 GO TO (505,520,530,525), L          00001910
C                                         00001920
505 CALL MATMPY(N,N,H,G,X)               00001930
CALL MATMPY(1,N,X,G,TO)                  00001940
IF (TO-GSS**2/SL-E) 515,510,510        00001950
510 DO 512 II=1,N                         00001960
DO 512 JJ=1,N                           00001970
512 H(II,JJ)=H(II,JJ)-X(II)*X(JJ)/TO   00001980
DELTA=DELTA*(EL*GSS/TO)                  00001990
TO=EL/GSS                                00002000
GO TO 525                                00002010
C                                         00002020
515 IF(NSSW1.NE.0)PRINT 1                00002030
C                                         00002040
520 DELTA=DELTA*(EL*SL/GSS)             00002050
TO=EL/GSS-1.0/SL                         00002060
C                                         00002070
525 DO 527 II=1,N                         00002080
DO 527 JJ=1,N                           00002090
527 H(II,JJ)=H(II,JJ)+TO*S(II)*S(JJ)   00002100
C                                         00002110
530 IT=IT+1                                00002120
F=FB                                     00002130
IF (NSSW1.NE.0) PRINT 4, IT,MS,F,GS      00002140
DO 532 I=1,N                               00002150
G(I)=GB(I)                                00002160
X(I)=T(I)                                 00002170
532 CONTINUE                               00002180
IF (NSSW1) 535,540,535                   00002190
535 PRINT 2, (X(I),I=1,N)                 00002200
PRINT 3, DELTA                           00002210
C                                         00002220
540 RETURN                                00002230
1 FORMAT(9HOCOLINEAR)                    00002240

```

## LISTINGS FOR TRANSLATOR

```

 MEMBER NAME DAVIDON
 2 FORMAT(3H0X=8E14.5/(3H0 8E14.5))
 3 FORMAT(17HODELTA=E14.5/20H0- - - - - - - - - -)
 4 FORMAT(4HOIT I4,7H STEP I4,4H F=E14.5,5H GS=E14.5)
 END
 SUBROUTINE STUFF
 COMMON H(40,40),X(40),G(40),S(40),XP(40),GP(40),T(40),GB(40),
 1 F,GS,EL,SL,FP,GSP,T0,Z,Q,A,GSS,F0,GTP,FB,GT,T,GSB,
 2 FAC,DELTAB,E,P,C(40,10),N,K,NC,NSSW1,NSSW2,MS,IT,M1,L
 COMMON/VMM2/IY
 C
 600 L=2
 K=K-1
 IF (K) 640,610,610
 C
 610 L=1
 MS=MS+1
 IF (NSSW1 .NE. 0) WRITE(6,1)MS,DELTA,GS
 DO 620 I=1,N
 CALL RANDU (IY,YFL)
 620 T(I)=YFL-.5
 CALL MATMPY(N,N,H,T,S)
 CALL MATMPY(1,N,S,T,EL)
 EL=P/SQRT (EL)
 DO 630 I=1,N
 630 X(I)=X(I)+EL*S(I)
 C
 640 RETURN
 1 FORMAT(13HORANDOM STEP I4,8H DELTA=E14.5,5H GS=E14.5)
 END
 SUBROUTINE RANDU(IX,YFL)
 IX=IX*65539
 IF (IY)5,6,6
 5 IY=IY+2147483647+1
 6 YFL=IY
 YFL=YFL*.4656613E-9
 IX=IX
 RETURN
 END
 SUBROUTINE MATMPY(M,N,H,G,S)
 DIMENSION H(40,40),G(40),S(40)
 C
 700 DO 720 II=1,M
 S(II)=0.0
 DO 720 JJ=1,N
 720 S(II)=H(JJ,II)*G(JJ)+S(II)
 C
 740 RETURN
 END

```

## LISTINGS OF CATALOGED PROCEDURES

```

MEMBER NAME VMMCLG
//VMMTR EXEC PGM=IEHPROGM                                     00000010
//PRGG DD DSNAME=C145.B12533.T7120.SYSLMOD(VMMTR),          C00000020
//           DISP=OLD,UNIT=DISK,VOLUME=SER=ODDJOB             00000030
//SYSPRINT DD DSNAME=C145.B12533.T7120.VMMTR,              C00000040
//           DISP=OLD,VOLUME=REF=*.PRGG                      00000050
//SYSIN DD DUMMY                                         00000060
//GO EXEC PGM=*.VMMTR.PRGG                                00000070
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=A,DCB=(RECFM=FBA,LRECL=133,BLKSIZE=798) 00000080
//SYSPNCH DD UNIT=(SYSCP,,DEFER),DCB=(RECFM=F,BLKSIZE=80)   00000090
//RDFILE  DD DSNAME=C145.B12533.T7120.SOURCE(SKFCN),       C0000100
//           DISP=OLD,VOLUME=REF=*.VMMTR.PRGG               00000110
//C0FILE   DD DSNAME=C145.B12533.T7120.PDAT,              C0000120
//           DISP=OLD,VOLUME=REF=*.VMMTR.PRGG               00000130
//PROG    DD DSNAME=C145.B12533.T7120.FORT,              C0000140
//           DISP=OLD,VOLUME=REF=*.VMMTR.PRGG               00000150
//FTH     EXEC PGM=FORTRANH                                 00000160
//SYSPUNCH DD UNIT=(SYSCP,,DEFER)                         00000170
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=A,DCB=(RECFM=FBA,LRECL=133,BLKSIZE=798) 00000180
//SYSLIN  DD DSNAME=SYS1.SYSLIN,DCB=(RECFM=FB,LRECL=80,BLKSIZE=3200), C00000190
//           DISP=(OLD,PASS)                           00000200
//SYSUT1  DD DSNAME=SYS1.SYSUT1,DISP=OLD                  00000210
//SYSIN   DD DSNAME=C145.B12533.T7120.FORT,              C00000220
//           DISP=OLD,VOLUME=REF=*.VMMTR.PRGG               00000230
//EDT     EXEC PGM=LINKEDIT,COND=(5,LT,FTH),PARAM='LIST,MAP' 00000240
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=A,DCB=(RECFM=FBA,LRECL=121,BLKSIZE=726) 00000250
//SYSUT1  DD DSNAME=SYS1.SYSUT1,DISP=OLD                  00000260
//SYSLIN  DD DSNAME=*.FTH.SYSLIN,DISP=OLD                00000270
//           DD DSNAME=C145.B12533.T7120.EDT,            C00000280
//           DISP=OLD,VOLUME=REF=*.FTH.SYSIN               00000290
//           DD DDNAME=SYSIN                           00000300
//SYSLIB  DD DSNAME=SYS1.FORTLIB,UNIT=2314,VOLUME=SER=SYSLIB,DISP=OLD 00000310
//SYSLMOD DD DSNAME=DISK,SPACE=(TRK,(99,5,4)),DISP=(,PASS), C00000320
//           DSNAME=&&G(DVDN)                           00000330
//LIB     DD DSNAME=C145.B12533.T7120.SYSLMOD,          C00000340
//           DISP=OLD,VOLUME=REF=*.FTH.SYSIN               00000350
//RUN    EXEC PGM=*.EDT.SYSLMOD,COND=((5,LT,FTH),(5,LT,EDT)) 00000360
//FT05F001 DD DSNAME=C145.B12533.T7120.DATA,             C00000370
//           DISP=OLD,VOLUME=REF=*.FTH.SYSIN               00000380
//FT06F001 DD SYSOUT=A,DCB=(RECFM=FBA,LRECL=133,BLKSIZE=798) 00000390
//FT07F001 DD UNIT=(SYSCP,,DEFER)                         00000400
//C0FILE   DD DSNAME=C145.B12533.T7120.DATA,              C00000410
//           DISP=OLD,VOLUME=REF=*.FTH.SYSIN               00000420
//TEMP    DD DSNAME=C145.B12533.T7120.TDAT,              C00000430
//           DISP=OLD,VOLUME=REF=*.FTH.SYSIN               00000440
//XTFILE   DD DSNAME=C145.B12533.T7120.XDAT,              C00000450
//           DISP=OLD,VOLUME=REF=*.FTH.SYSIN               00000460
//FT01F001 DD DSNAME=C145.B12533.T7120.XDAT,              C00000470
//           DISP=OLD,VOLUME=REF=*.FTH.SYSIN               00000480
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=A,DCB=(RECFM=FBA,LRECL=133,BLKSIZE=798) 00000490
//SYSIN   DD DSNAME=C145.B12533.T7120.PDAT,              C00000500
//           DISP=OLD,VOLUME=REF=*.FTH.SYSIN               00000510

```

## LISTINGS OF CATALOGED PROCEDURES

| MEMBER NAME | VMMLG   |           |
|-------------|---|-----------|
| //EDT       | EXEC PGM=LINKEDIT,PARM='LIST,MAP'                           | 00000010  |
| //LIB       | DD DSNAME=C145.B12533.T7120.SYSLMOD,                        | C00000020 |
| //          | DISP=OLD,UNIT=DISK,VOLUME=(PRIVATE,RETAIN,SER=ODDJOB)       | 00000030  |
| //SYSPRINT  | DD SYSOUT=A,DCB=(RECFM=FBA,LRECL=121,BLKSIZE=726)           | 00000040  |
| //SYSUT1    | DD DSNAME=SYS1.SYSUT1,DISP=OLD                              | 00000050  |
| //SYSLIB    | DD DSNAME=SYS1.FORTLIB,UNIT=2314,VOLUME=SER=SYSLIB,DISP=OLD | 00000060  |
| //SYSLMOD   | DD UNIT=DISK,SPACE=(TRK,(99,5,1)),DISP=(,PASSI),            | C00000070 |
| //          | DSNAME=&GG(G)   | 00000080  |
| //SYSLIN    | DD DSNAME=C145.B12533.T7120.EDT,                            | C00000090 |
| //          | DISP=OLD,VOLUME=(PRIVATE,RETAIN,REF=*.LIB)                  | 00000100  |
| //          | DD DDNAME=SYSIN   | 00000110  |
| //GO        | EXEC PGM=*.EDT.SYSLMOD,COND=(5,LT,EDT)                      | 00000120  |
| //FT05F001  | DD DSNAME=C145.B12533.T7120.DATA,                           | C00000130 |
| //          | DISP=OLD,VOLUME=(PRIVATE,RETAIN,REF=*.EDT.LIB)              | 00000140  |
| //FT06F001  | DD SYSOUT=A,DCB=(RECFM=FBA,LRECL=133,BLKSIZE=798)           | 00000150  |
| //FT07F001  | DD UNIT=(SYSCP,,DEFER)                                      | 00000160  |
| //CFILE     | DD DSNAME=C145.B12533.T7120.DATA,                           | C00000170 |
| //          | DISP=OLD,VOLUME=(PRIVATE,RETAIN,REF=*.EDT.LIB)              | 00000180  |
| //TEMP      | DD DSNAME=C145.B12533.T7120.TDAT,                           | C00000190 |
| //          | DISP=OLD,VOLUME=(PRIVATE,RETAIN,REF=*.EDT.LIB)              | 00000200  |
| //XTFILE    | DD DSNAME=C145.B12533.T7120.XDAT,                           | C00000210 |
| //          | DISP=OLD,VOLUME=(PRIVATE,RETAIN,REF=*.EDT.LIB)              | 00000220  |
| //FT01F001  | DD DSNAME=C145.B12533.T7120.XDAT,                           | C00000230 |
| //          | DISP=OLD,VOLUME=(PRIVATE,RETAIN,REF=*.EDT.LIB)              | 00000240  |
| //SYSPRINT  | DD SYSOUT=A,DCB=(RECFM=FBA,LRECL=133,BLKSIZE=798)           | 00000250  |

## ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

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17